

**The use of
magnitude estimation
to assess
the odour and irritation
of sidestream smoke –
(Part 2) with the
cubicle method**

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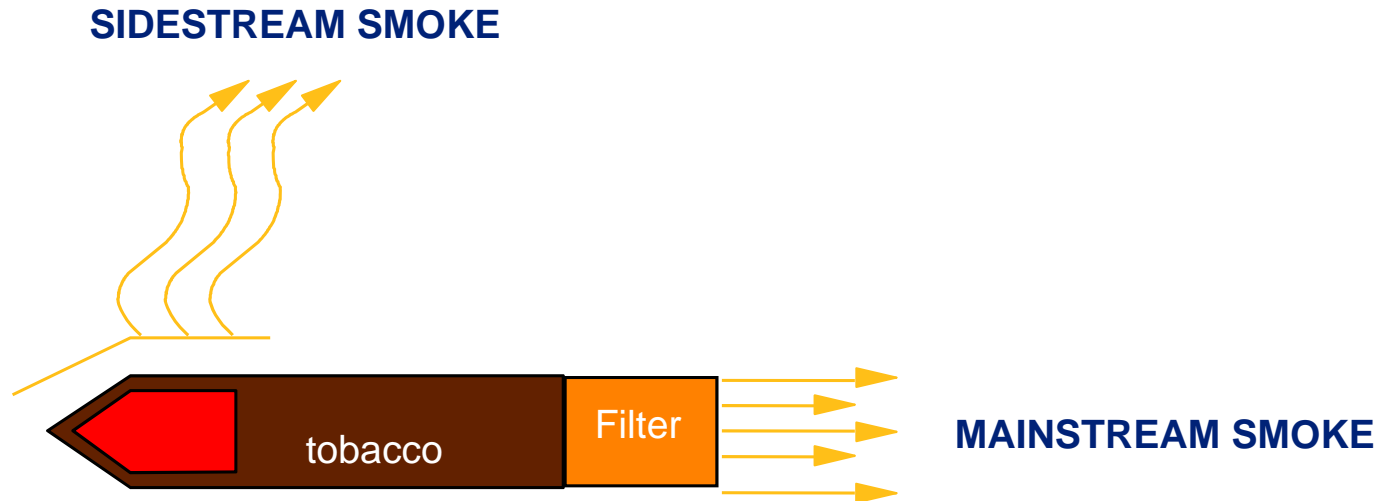
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Outline

1. Objective of Study
2. Cubicle leakage test (CO decay rates)
3. Sidestream smoke
 - Dose-response
4. Conclusions and Recommendations

Why we are doing this research?

- Please refer to the preceding presentation on the Fabric Method for full details
- sidestream smoke odour





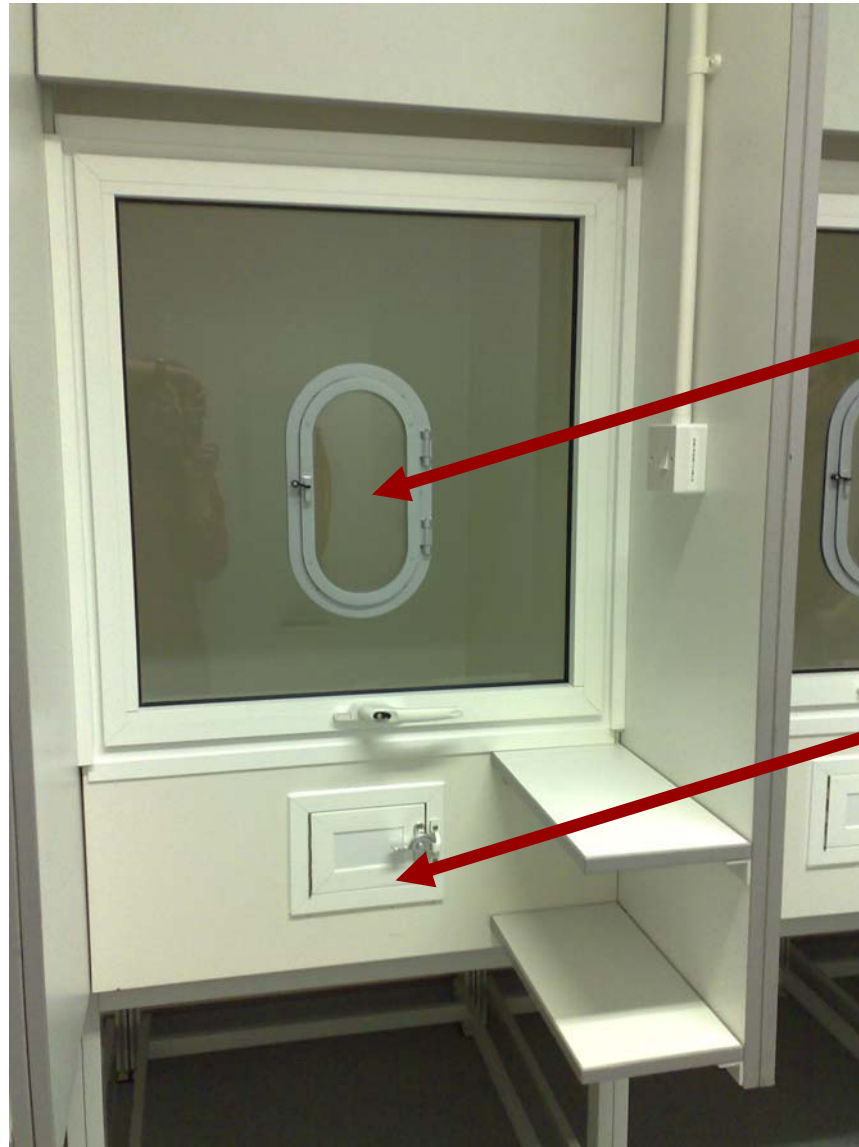
Objective of this study

- **'cubicle-based' methodology**
- Same approach as the fabric method:
 - **optimum amount of smoke**
 - **dose-response** relationship
 - **magnitude estimation** method (**ISO 11056**)

2. Sidestream smoke: Experimental

Volume of cubicle or booth:

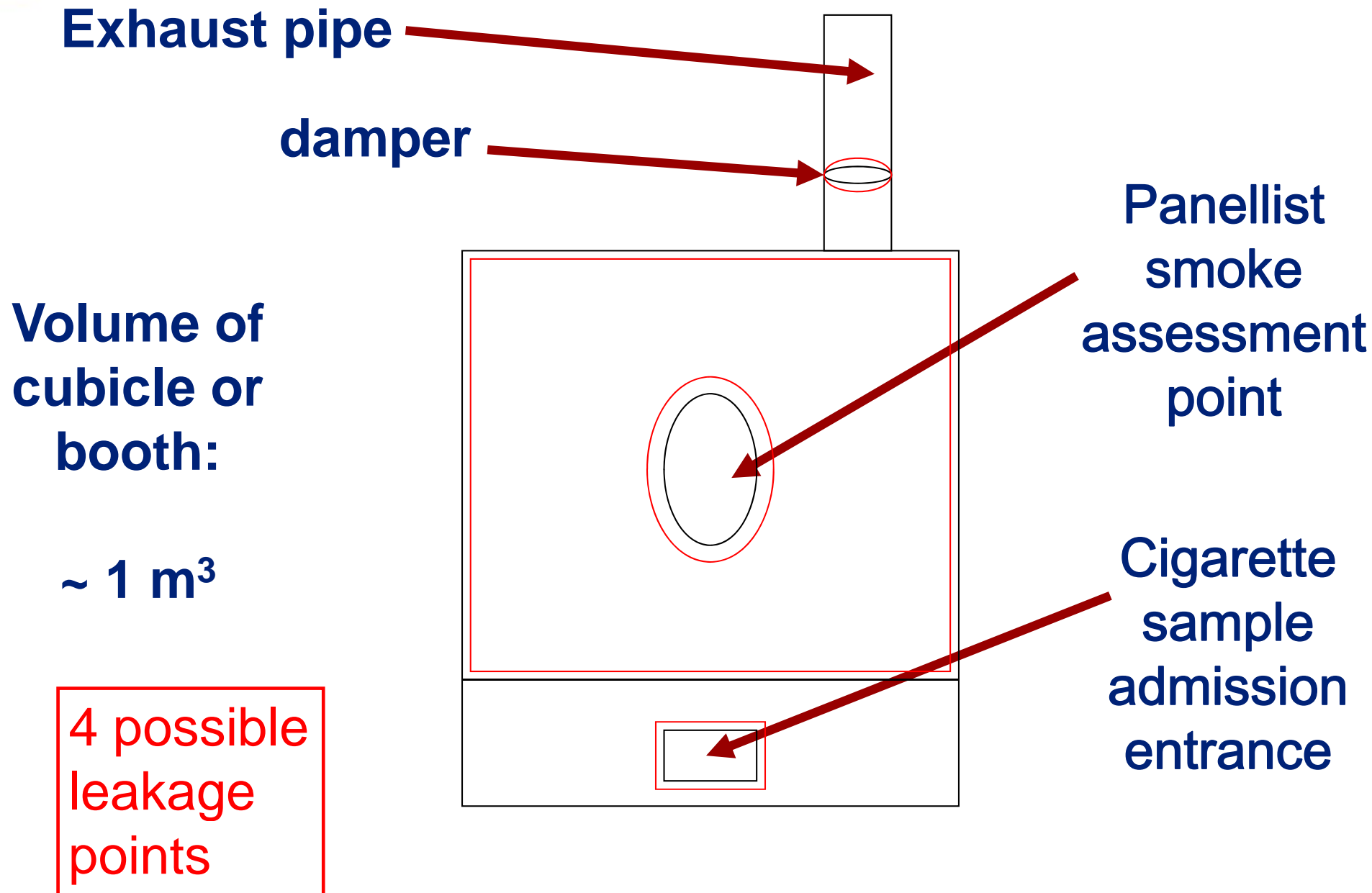
~ 1 m³



Panellist
smoke
assessment
point

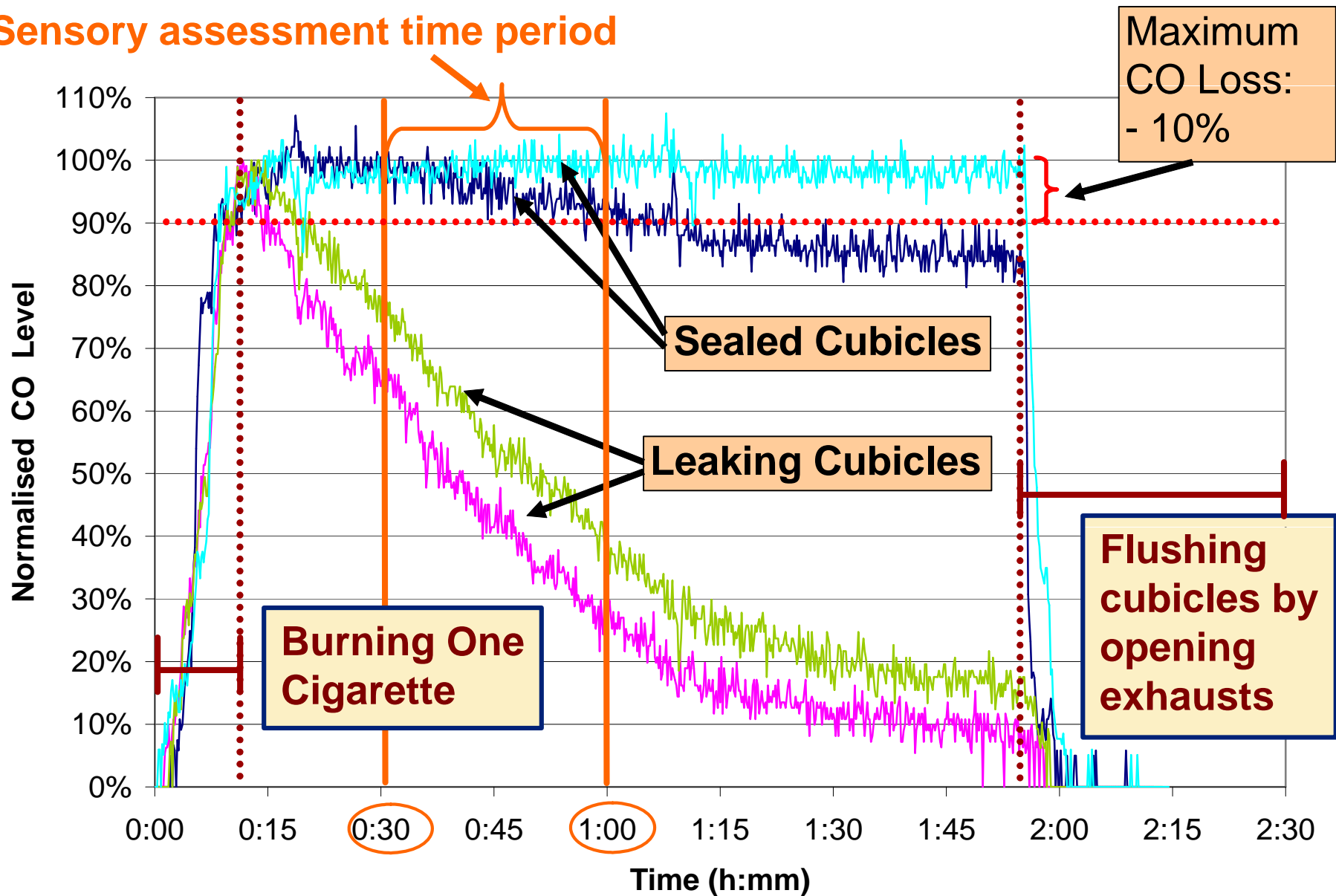
Cigarette
sample
admission
entrance

2. Sidestream smoke: Experimental



2. Cubicle Leakage Test CO Measurement

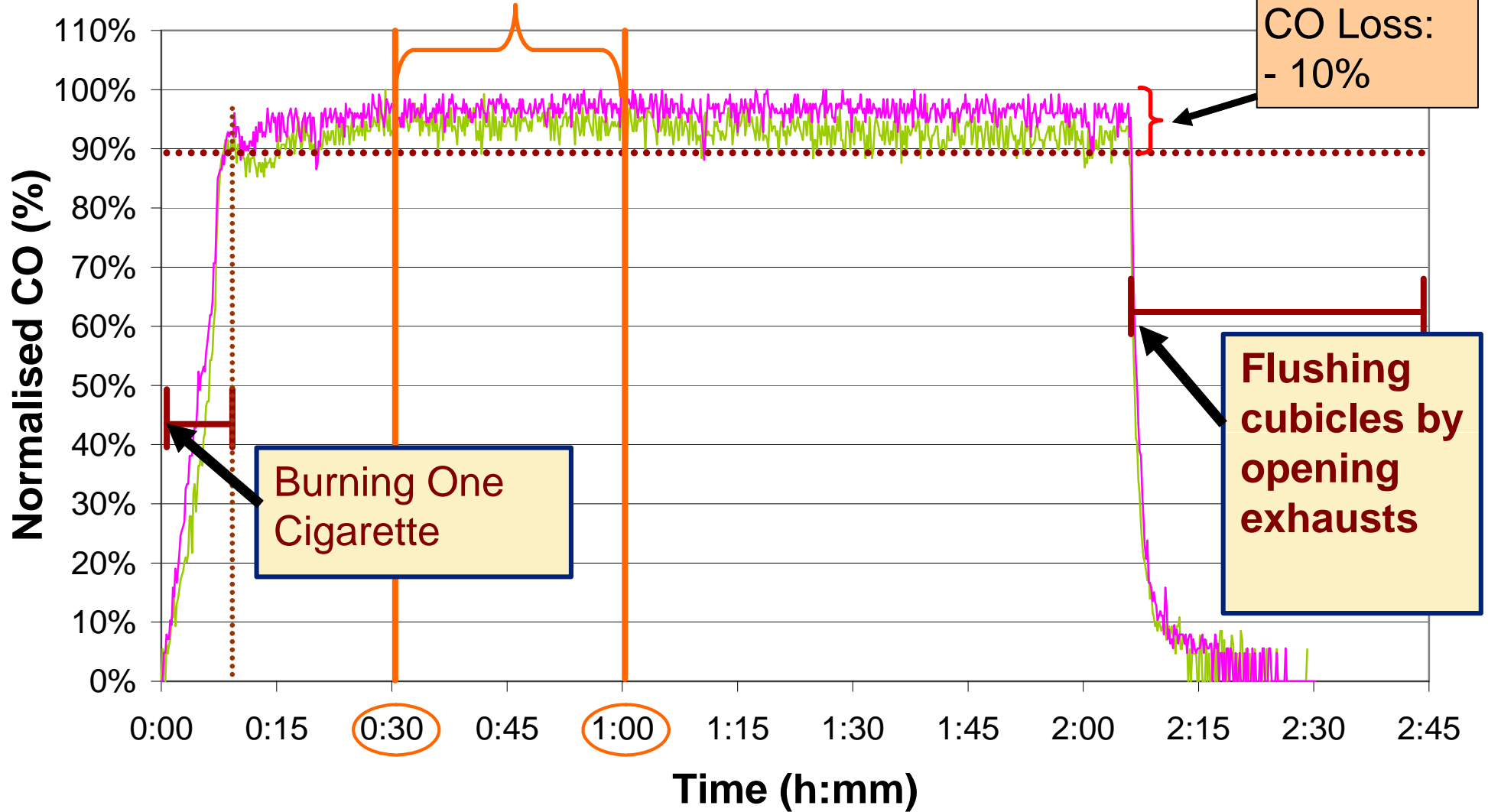
Sensory assessment time period



2. Cubicle Leakage Test

CO Levels for Cubicles 2 & 3 with **exhaust** taped-up with a plastic cover

Sensory assessment time period





3. Methodology for Dose-Response Relationship - Preparation

- Reference cigarettes (**3R4F**):
 - conditioned
 - marked up for amount of tobacco burnt required

Sample	1	2	3	4	5
Amount of Tobacco Burnt (mg)	50	100	200	400	800



3. Methodology for Sample Preparation

Experimental

- **30 minutes** after removal of the cigarette from the cubicle:
 - 5 panellists per session
 - 4 cubicles
 - 1 Reference + 3 different weights of tobacco burnt
- Order of presentation randomised
 - **Latin Square design**

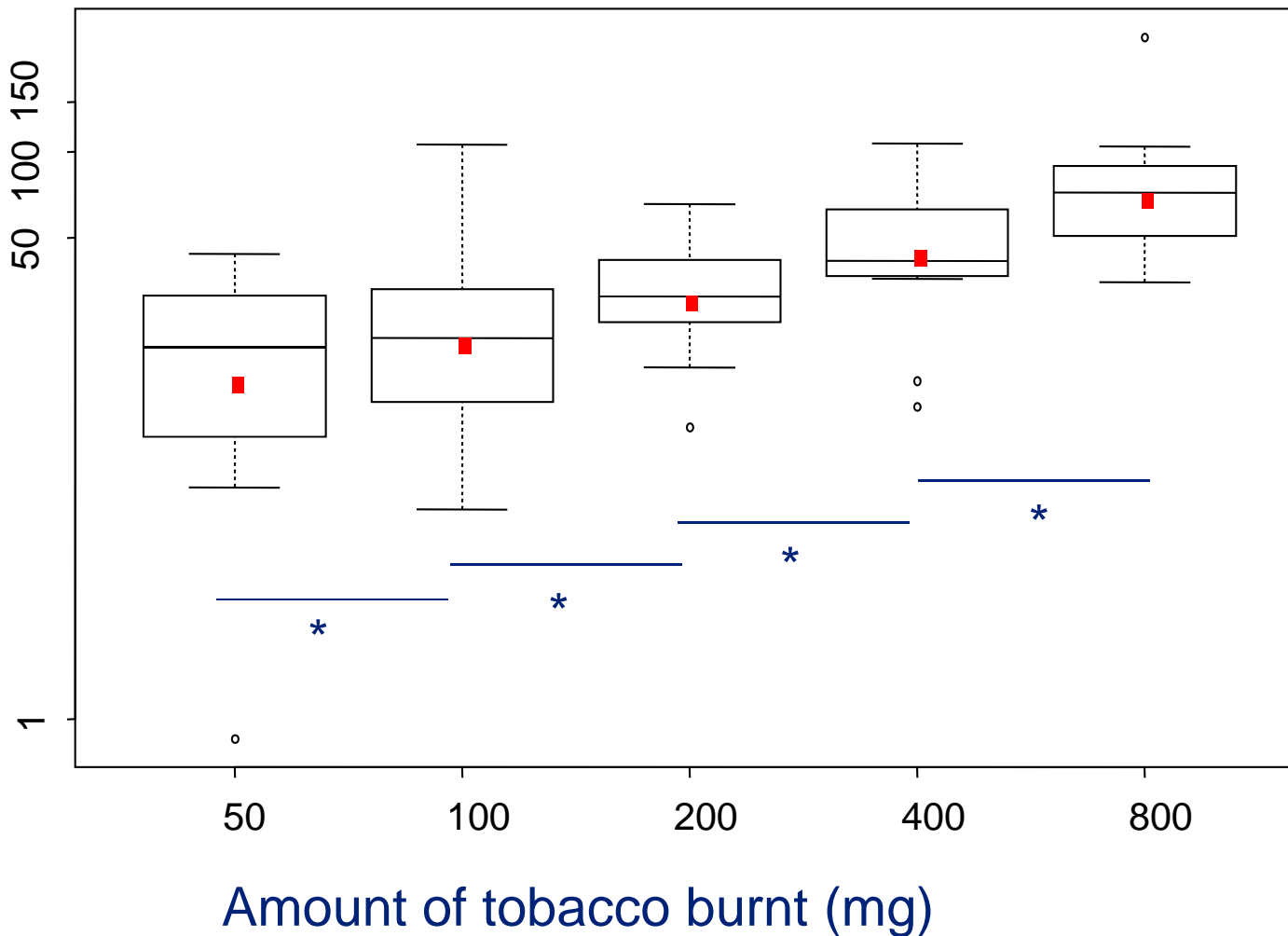
3. Sidestream smoke – Dose response

INTERIM Results – Odour Intensity

ANOVA

Log transformed data after adjusting for panellist effect

Magnitude estimation of Odour intensity



■ mean

* Significant difference at 95% level

14 data points for 50, 100 mg

17 data points for 200, 400 mg

31 data points for 800 mg



4. Sidestream smoke in cubicles: Dose-Response - **CONCLUSIONS**

- Linear relationship obtained using log-log scales:
 - between 50 and 800 mg
- The optimum **dose** (amount of tobacco burnt) for product comparison **could not be determined** with the limited data



Sidestream smoke: Cubicle Method

Recommendations

- Improve cubicle seals (dampers in exhaust pipe)
- Produce **dose-response** using:
 - a minimum of **30** data points
 - additional point at **1,600 mg** tobacco burnt
- Determine optimum amount of tobacco burnt for product comparison
- Validate method using prototypes and commercial products



Acknowledgements (BAT colleagues)

- Panellists
- Matthew Brooks and Nicola Ponter
 - for the preparation of the samples and data input
- Graham Errington and Sugnet Lubbe
 - For the statistical support



**THANK YOU
FOR YOUR ATTENTION**

ANY QUESTIONS

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