

GLYCOSIDES – FLAVOR ENHANCERS IN TOBACCO SMOKE

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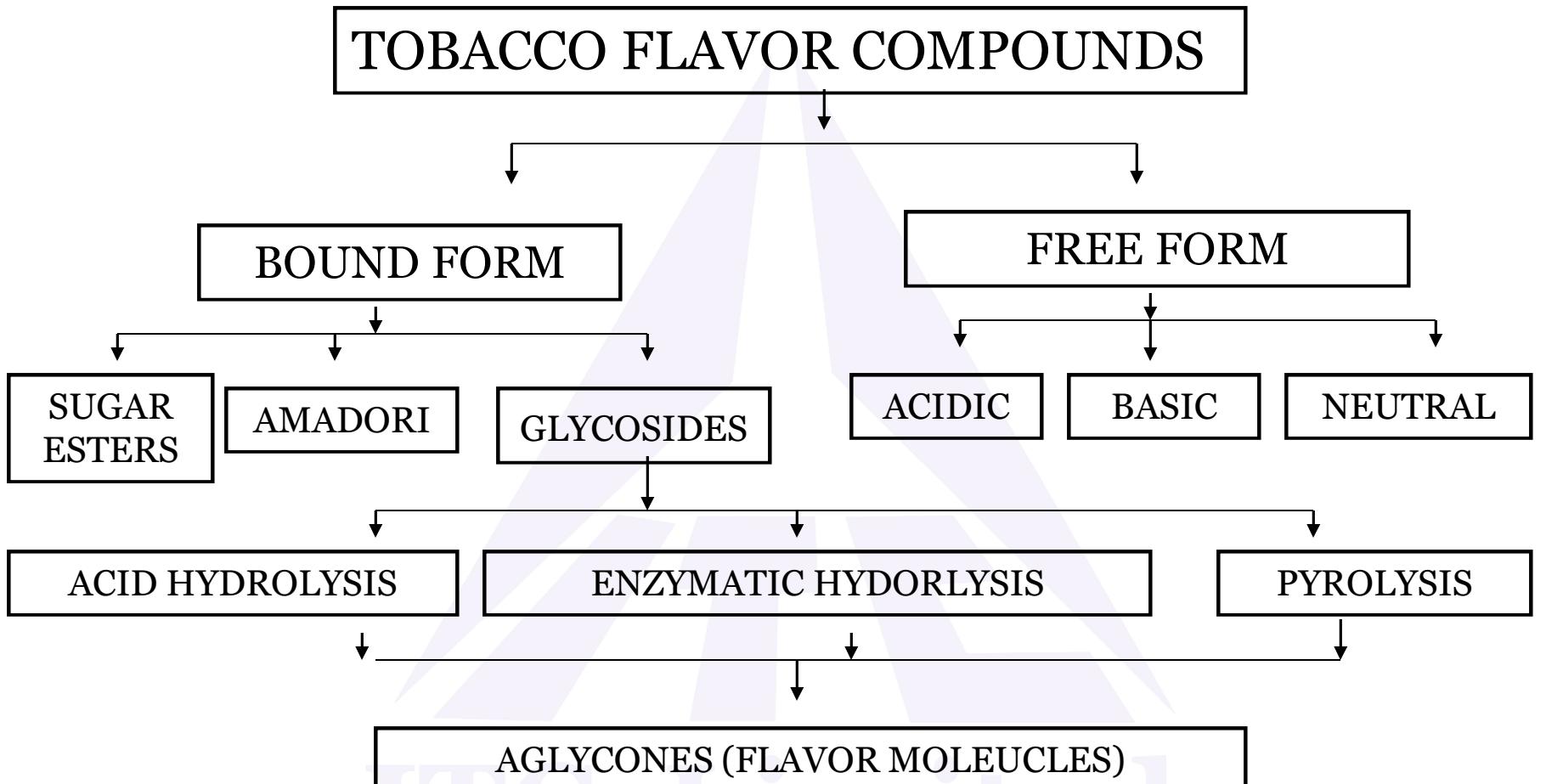
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- HYDROLYSIS STUDY OF GLYCOSIDES
- SYNTHESIS OF MENTHOL GLYCOSIDE
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TOBACCO FLAVOR

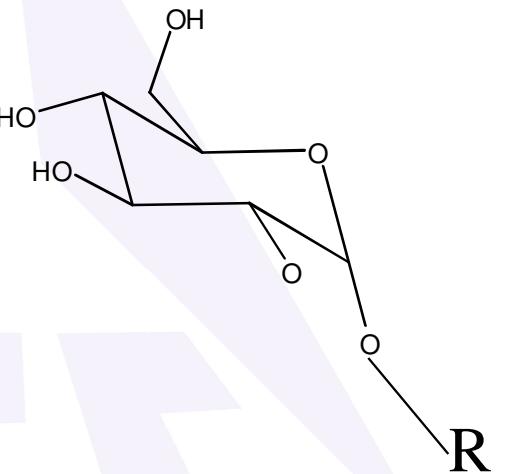


OBJECTIVE

- To synthesize Menthol glycoside and evaluating the sensory / flavor enhancement in Cigarette

IITM LIMITEE

GLYCOSIDE



R = AGLYCONE

BACKGROUND

- ❖ Glycosides are non volatile sugar precursors which are bound to aroma compounds which positively enhance the smoke flavor of tobacco on pyrolysis.
- ❖ In the free forms (aglycones) these compounds produce a less specific tobacco smoke sensation.
- ❖ Bound form positively influences smoke characteristics such as “Sweet aromatic” and “typically tobacco like”
- ❖ During smoking aglycones (flavor compounds) which are volatile and pass in smoke.

Ref:

- Tobacco Leffingwell reports vol.1, 2001
- Georg. F K., Siegfried nitz and Friedrich Drawert ,Bound aroma compounds in tobacco smoke condesnate.Zeitschrift fur lebensmitteluntersuchung 188.vol .6,1986,512-516.
- Stahl –Biskup ,Glycosidically bound volatiles- A review 1986-1991, Vol 8,1993,61-80

GLYCOSIDES IN TOBACCO

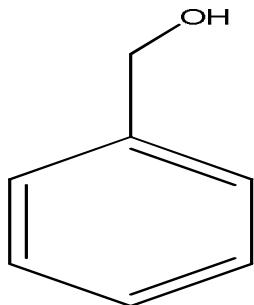
Glycosides in tobacco are

- Norcarotenoids
- Ionone related compounds
- Polyphenols such as Scopoletin, Rutin and Kaempferol

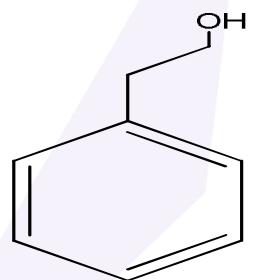
Ref:

- Kafer, georg .F et al., Bound aroma compounds in tobacco smoke condensate , Zeitschrift fur lebensmitteluntersuchung 188.vol .6,1986,512-516.

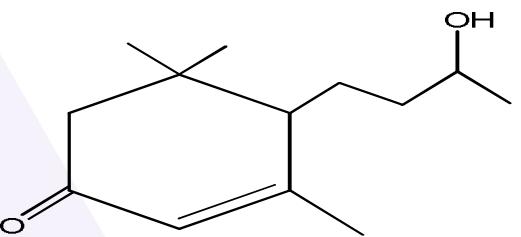
AGLYCONES PRESENT AS GLYCOSIDES



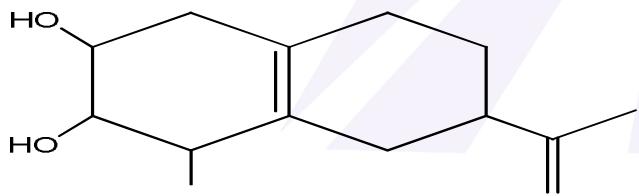
Benzyl alcohol



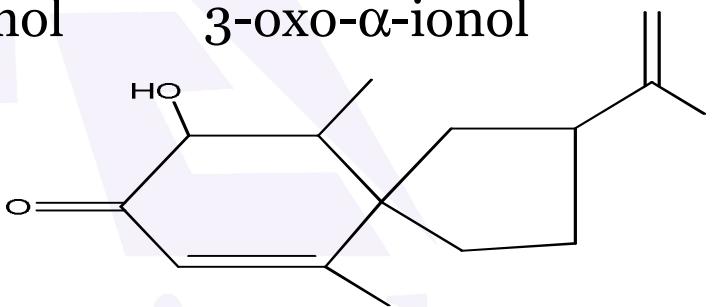
2-Phenylethanol



3-oxo- α -ionol



Rishitin



Spirovetivan A

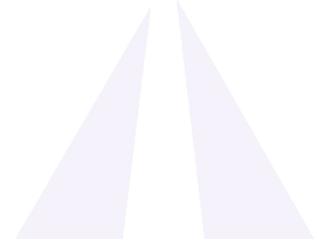
Ref:

- Kafer, georg .F et al., Bound aroma compounds in tobacco smoke condensate , Zeitschrift fur lebensmitteluntersuchung 188.vol .6,1986,512-516.

INCREASE OF AGLYCONES ON ACID HYDROLYSIS

COMPOUND NAME	AMOUNT (mg/100g) pH 7.00	AMOUNT (mg/100g) pH 2.50
N-TETRA DECANE(INTERNAL STANDARD)		
Furfural	0.55	1.08
Phenyl acetaldehyde	0.31	0.43
Furfuryl alcohol	0.20	0.43
Solanone	2.68	3.54
beta-Damascone	0.09	0.19
Damascenone	0.88	1.35
Geranyl acetone	0.36	0.40
Benzyl alcohol	0.52	0.70
Phenylethyl alcohol	0.68	0.89
beta-ionone	0.15	0.31
Neophytadiene	27.18	38.12
Methyl palmitate	0.80	0.92
Megastigmatrienone	9.44	11.53

There is an increase in flavor compounds during acid treatment



MENTHOL GLYCOSIDES



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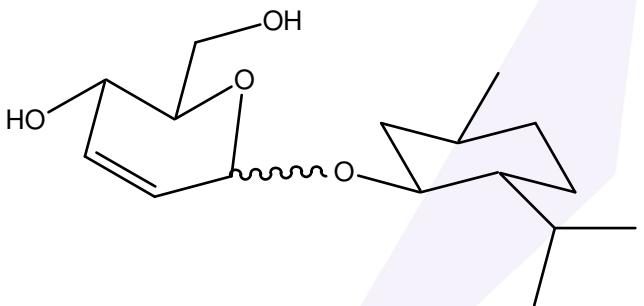
MENTHOL GLYCOSIDES

- ❖ Menthol because of inherent mint flavor and refreshing feeling have been widely used as additives to medicines, tobacco, liquid creams and pasters for oral introduction etc.
- ❖ Isao sakata et al first reported the Isolation of l-mentyl - β - D-glucopyronoside from Japanese pepper mint
- ❖ Menthol is extensively used in tobacco products because of refreshing cooling effect it imparts to tobacco smoke.
- ❖ Unfortunately, the high degree of volatility and ease of sublimation of menthol have presented problems during manufacturing, packaging and handling process .

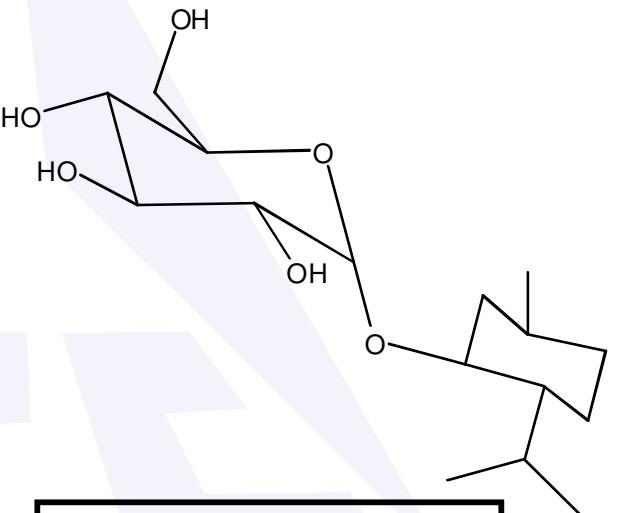
Ref:

- Isao sakata,et al in Synthesis and paroperties of mentyl glycosides from Agric. Biol. Chem , 43(2),307-312,1979
- Philip Christenson,et al., Menthyl pyran and smoking composition compounds US Patent No 5137579, 1992

MENTHOL GLYCOSIDE



Menthyl Glucal



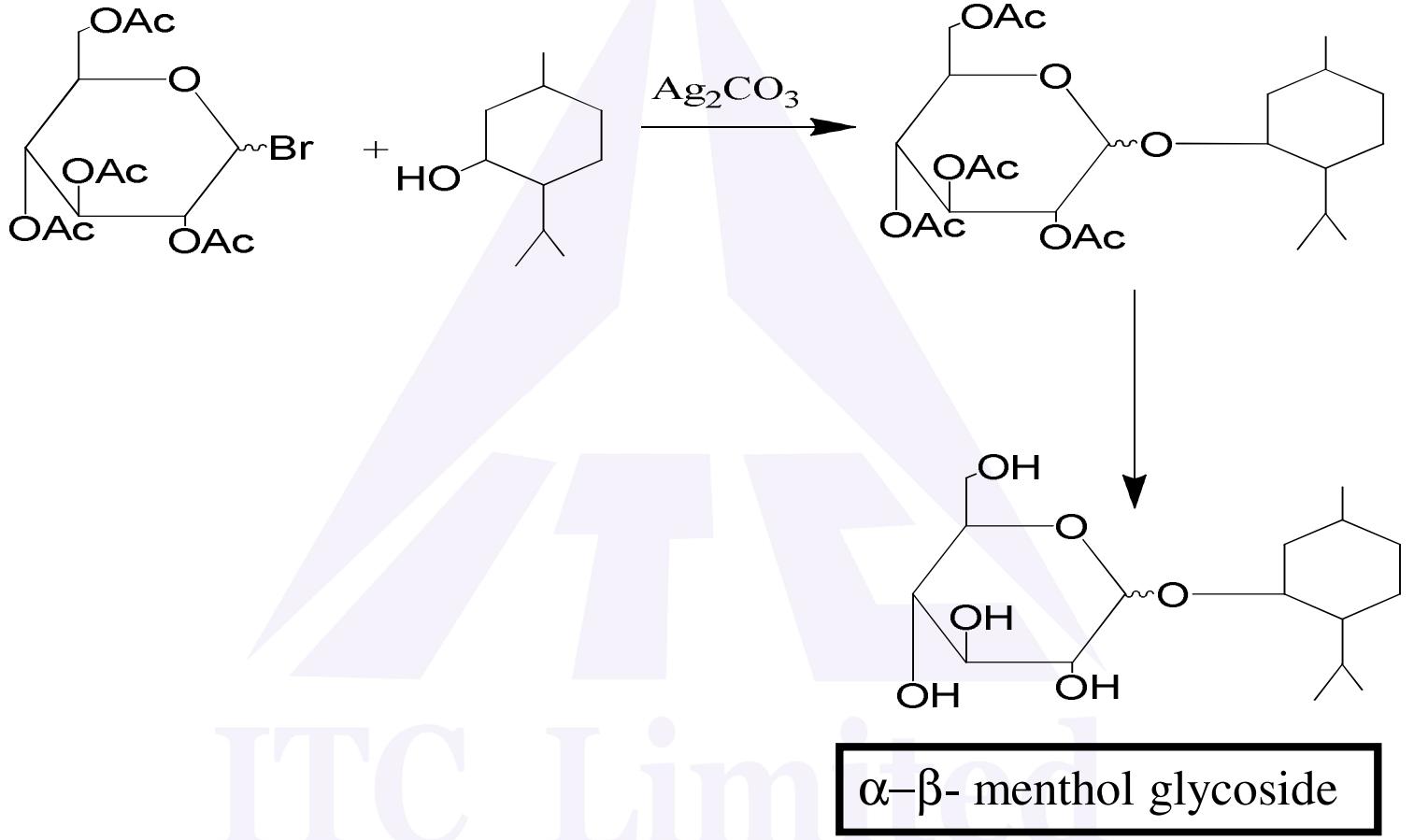
Menthyl Glycoside

Ref:

Iwamura et al., Agri.Bio.Chemistry , 43 (2), 307-312 (1979).

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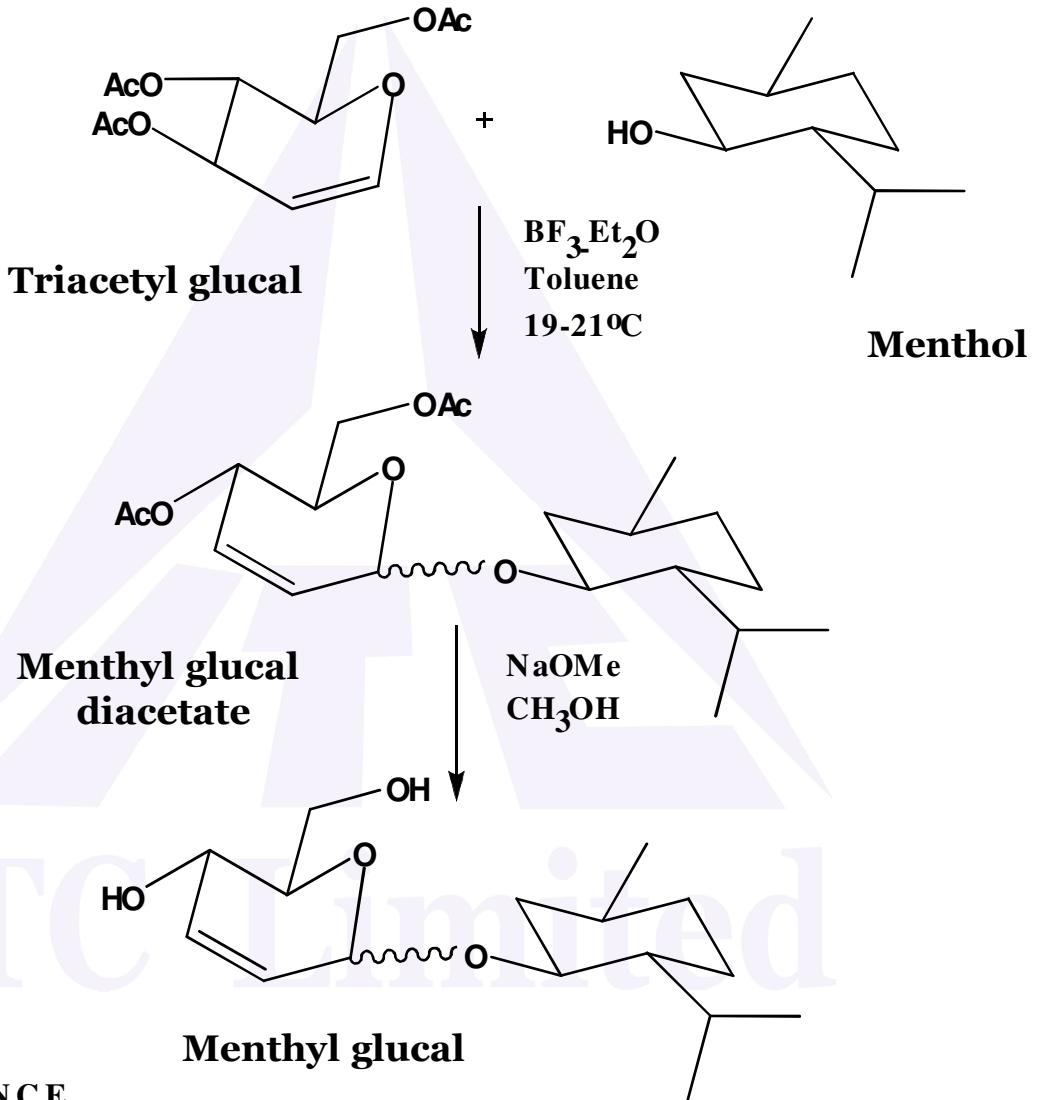
SYNTHESIS OF MENTHOL GLYCOSIDE



Isao sakata et al., Synthesis and properties of menthol glycosides , Agric. Biol. Chem, 43(2),307-312,1979

SYNTHESIS

LITERATURE BACKGROUND



REFERENCE

Menthyl pyran and smoking compositions compound
US Patent No : 5137579 (1992)

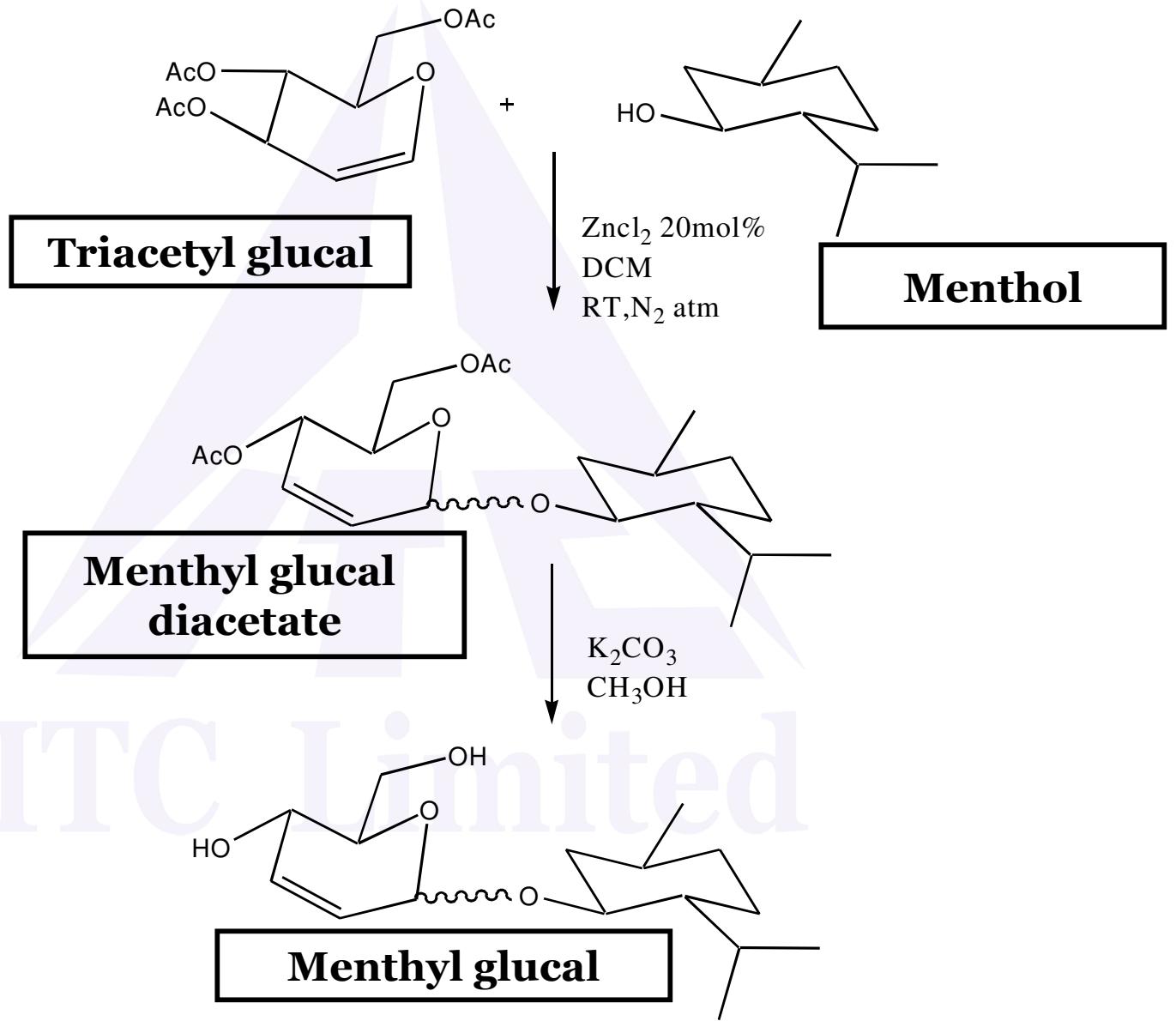
LIMITATIONS OF LITERATURE METHODS

- ❖ Bromoacetyl glucose is not stable
- ❖ Isolation of the Menthol glycoside
- ❖ Hazardness of the catalyst used
- ❖ Low Yield (around 65%)

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SYNTHESIS (OUR APPROACH)

FERRIER REARRANGEMENT

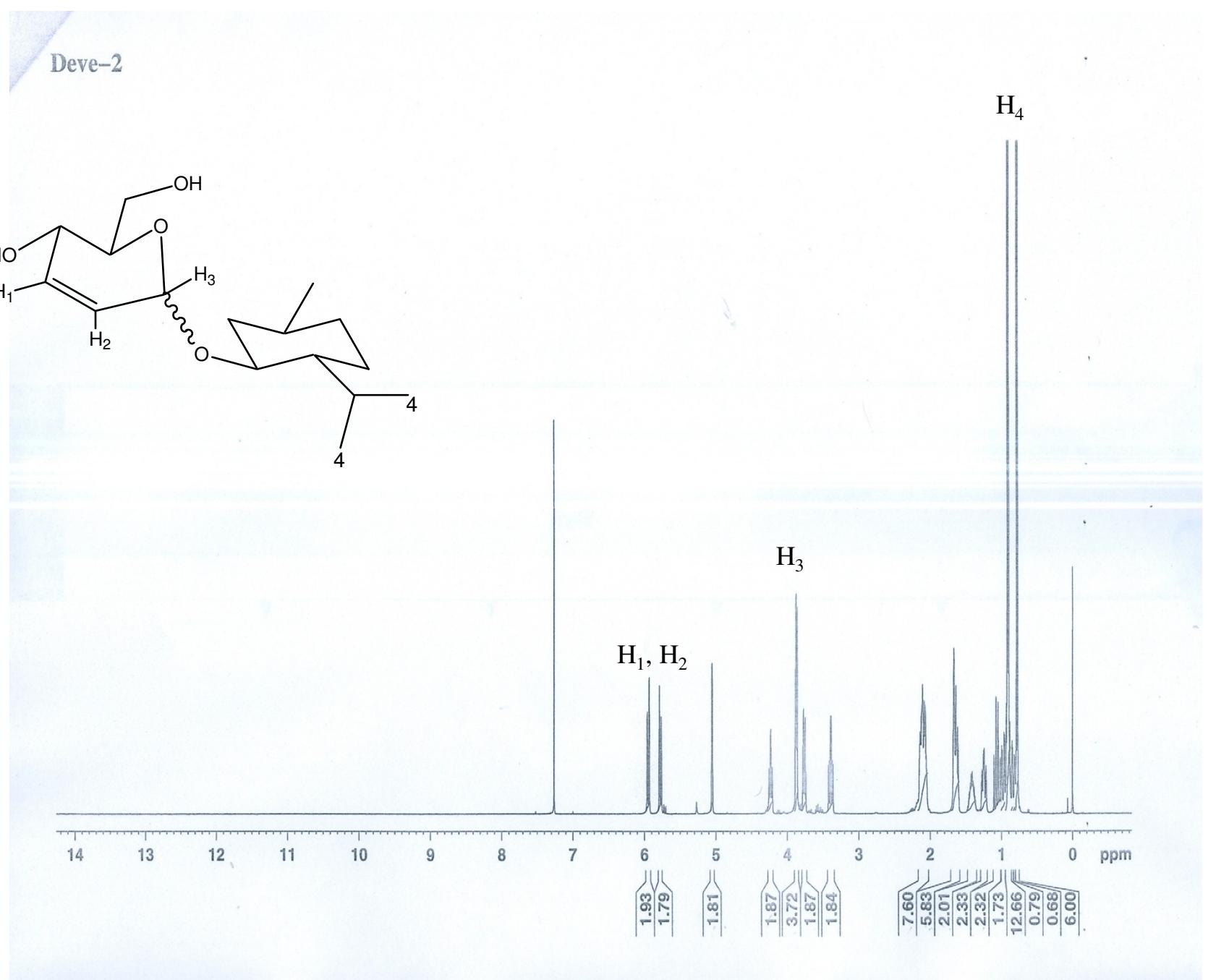


CHARACTERISATION

✓ ^1H NMR

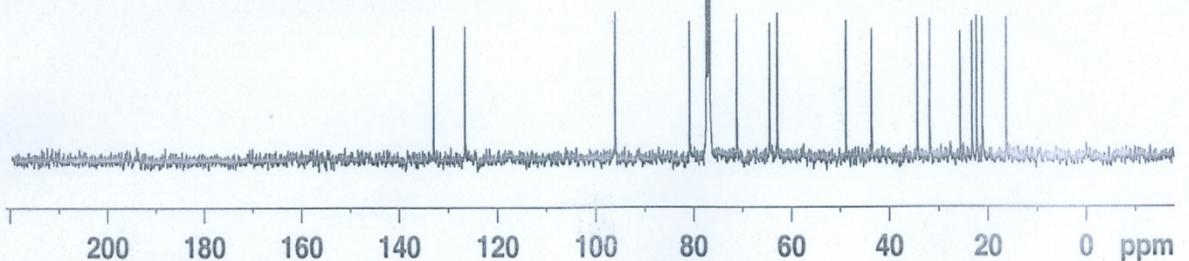
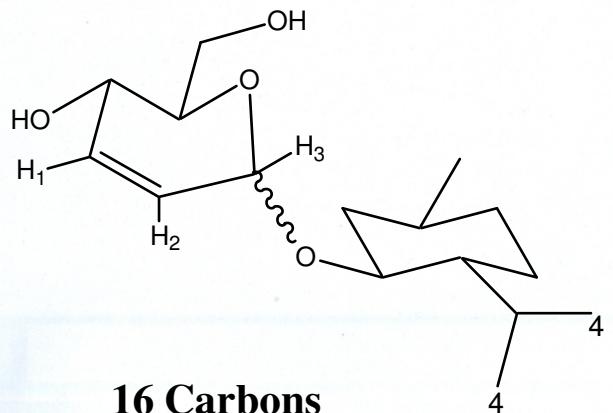
✓ ^{13}C

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Deve-2 -13c

BRUKER
NRC-IISc

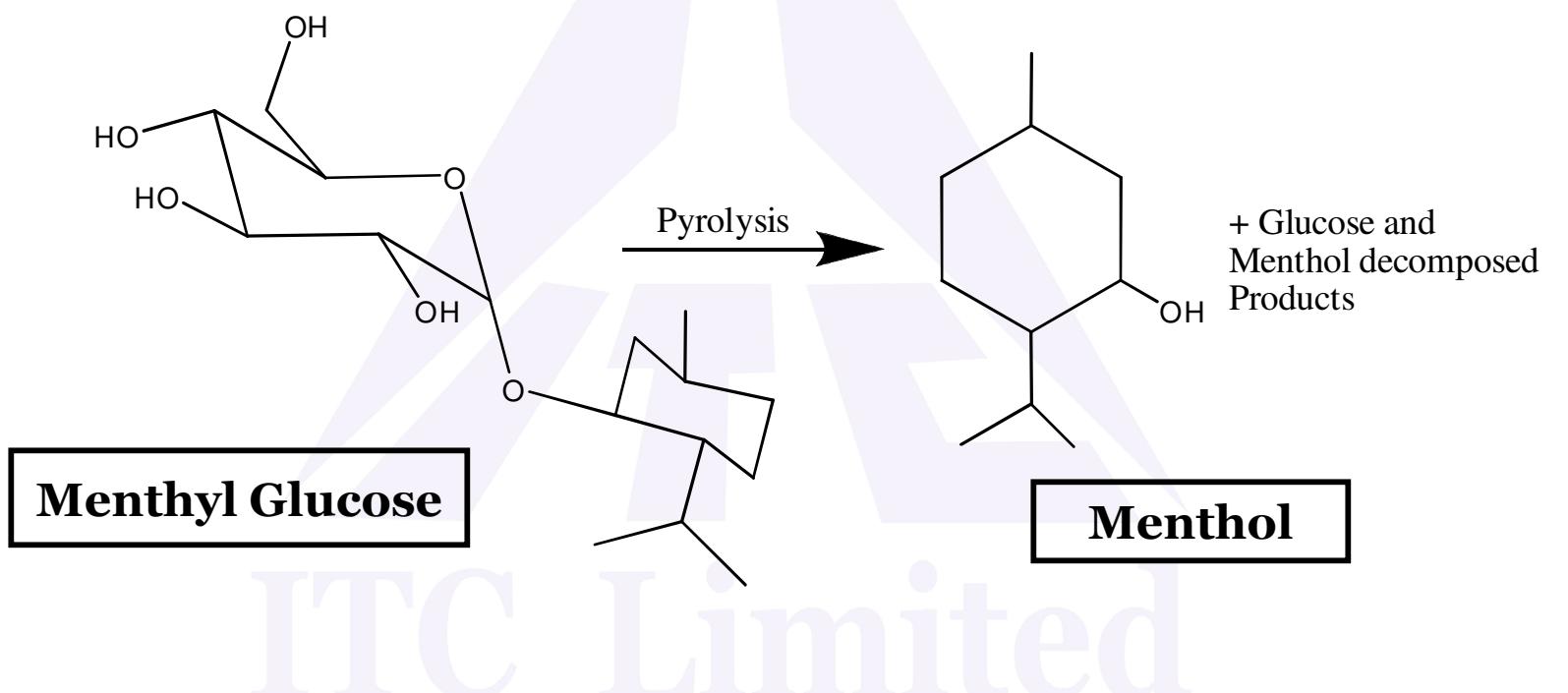


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 SOLVENT CDCl3
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 DS 4
 SWH 24038.461 Hz
 FIDRES 0.366798 Hz
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 RG 203
 DW 20.800 usec
 DE 6.50 usec
 TE 298.4 K
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 D11 0.0300000 sec
 TD0 1

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 PL1 -2.00 dB
 PL1W 55.33689499 W
 SFO1 100.6479773 MHz

===== CHANNEL f2 =====
 CPDPRG2 waltz16
 NUC2 1H
 PCPD2 80.00 usec
 PL2 -3.00 dB
 PL12 12.08 dB
 PL13 12.30 dB
 PL2W 13.48193645 W
 PL12W 0.41855475 W
 PL13W 0.39788014 W
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 SI 32768
 SF 100.6379170 MHz
 WDW EM
 SSB 0
 LB 5.00 Hz
 GB 0
 PC 1.40

THERMAL DECOMPOSITION OF MENTHOL GLYCOSIDE



Ref:

Jian Tang et al . Journal of Analytical application pyrolysis 78,180-184 (2007)

CONFIRMATION OF MENTHOL RELEASE ON PYROLYSIS

- ❖ Glycosides was added in cigarettes and smoked.
- ❖ Volatiles trapped in dichloromethane at -70°C.
- ❖ GC-MS confirms the presence of menthol in the smoke.
- ❖ No menthol was detected in the Cigarette where there is menthol glycoside.

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CONCLUSION

- ❖ Positive smoke sensation due to controlled release of the aglycones which is released puff by puff.
- ❖ Menthol glycoside was synthesized in 90% yield using Indium trichloride as a catalyst
- ❖ ^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR confirms the structure of Menthol glucal.
- ❖ Sensory data confirms cooling effect.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- ITC R&D Centre
- ITD DMC
- Mr.A .Devaraj



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THANK YOU

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