



PUFF-BY-PUFF ANALYSIS OF MAINSTREAM SMOKE CONSTITUENTS OF NON-LIP AND LIP CIGARETTES (2)

ST 48

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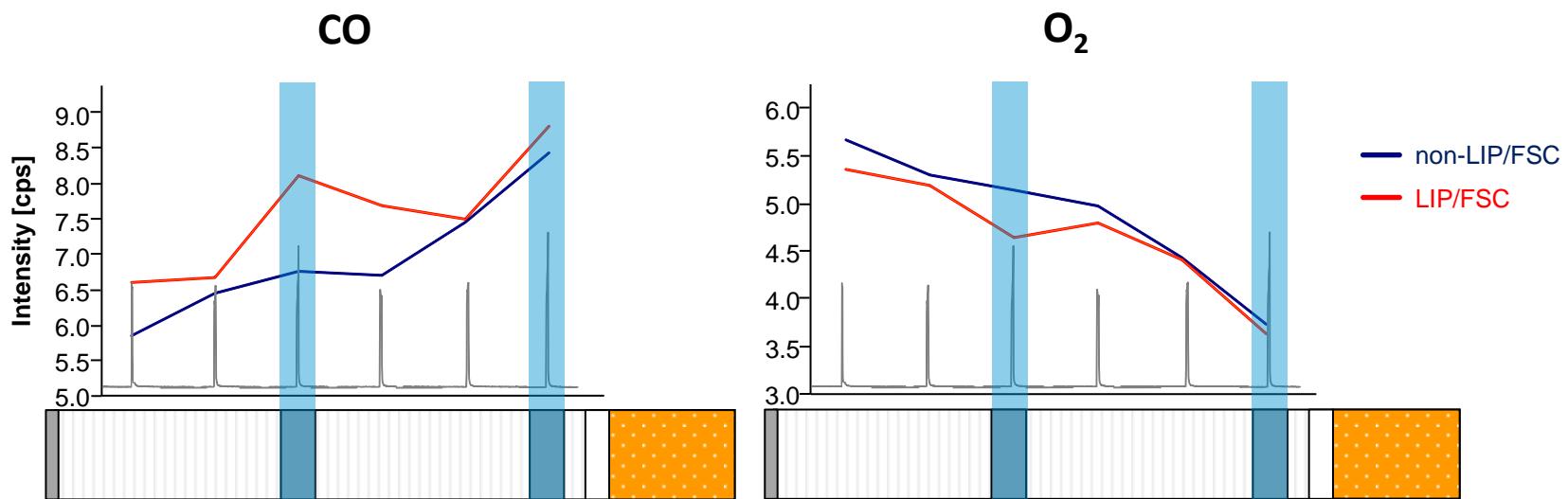
CORESTA Meeting
29 September - 3 October 2013
Seville, Spain

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Summary - presentation CORESTA 2012

- LIP/FSC vs. non-LIP/FSC cigarettes



- typical puff-by-puff profile of LIP/FSC cigarettes
 - higher CO levels in banded area
 - lower O₂ levels in banded area

Summary - presentation CORESTA 2012

● Paper parameters

● permeability

- differences in CO/puff
- same puff count

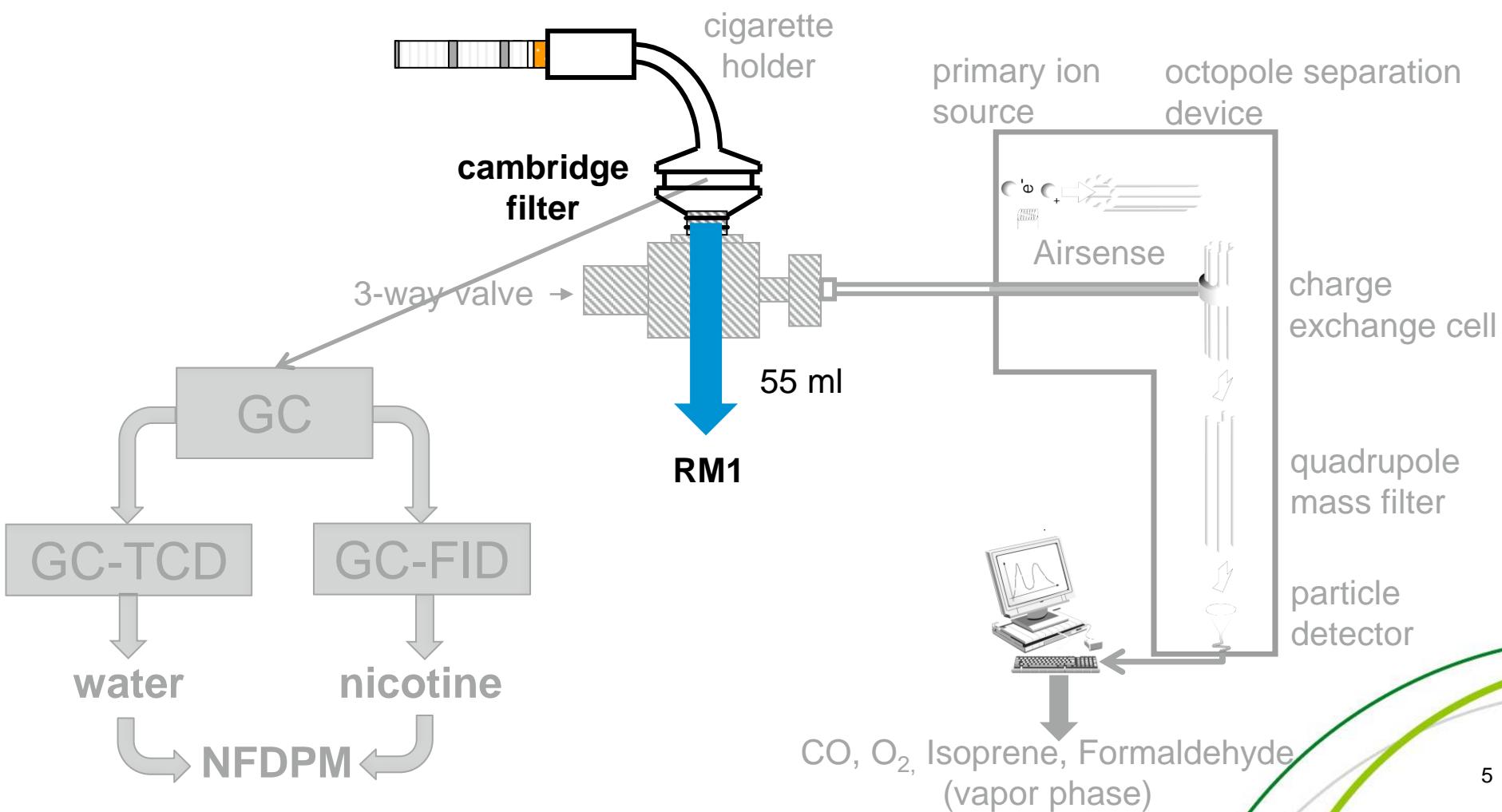
● burn additives

- similar in CO/puff
- differences in puff count

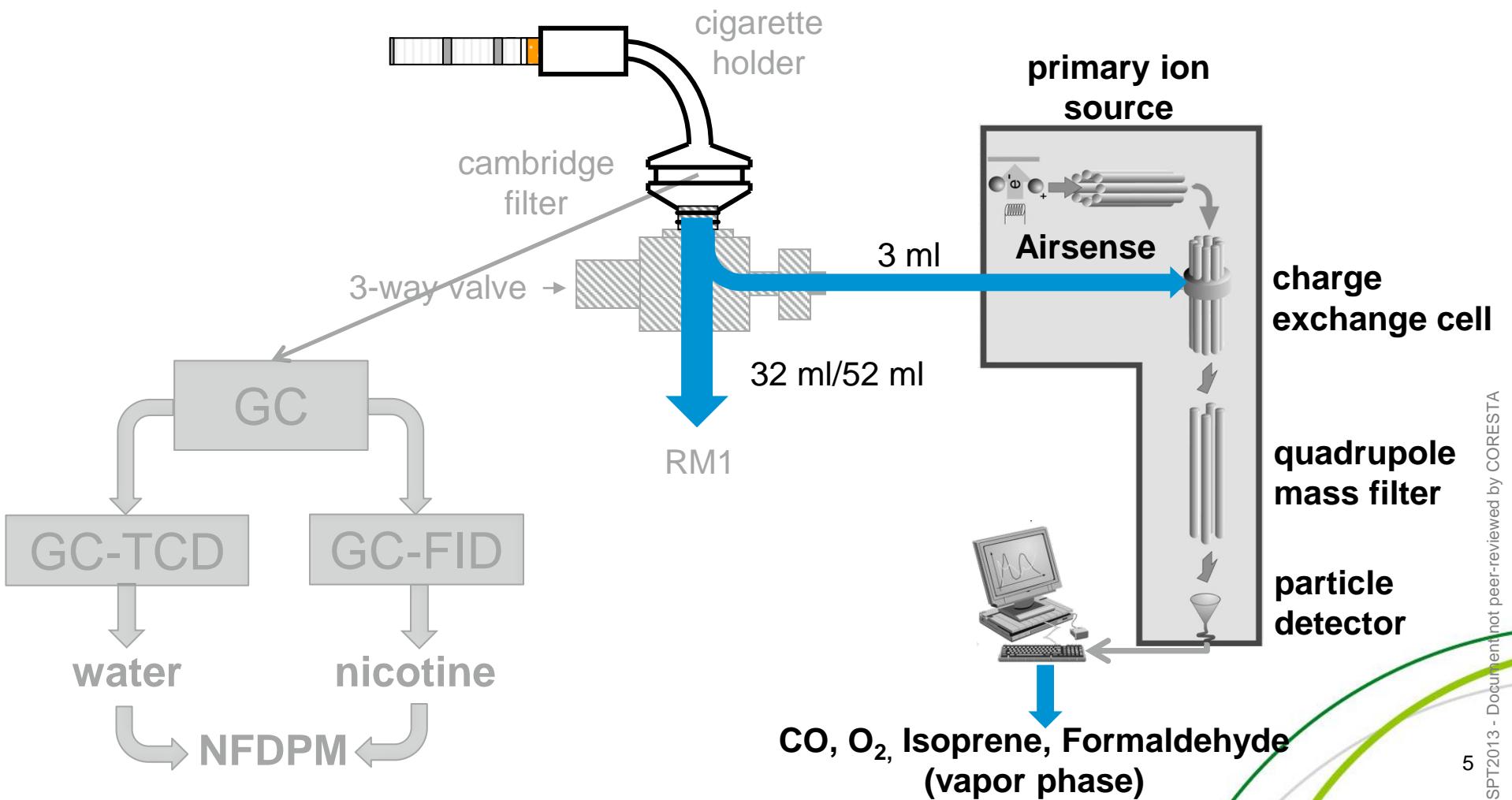
● band diffusion capacity

- typical LIP puff-by-puff profile observed for low D^* levels in the bands
- not for high D^* levels in the bands

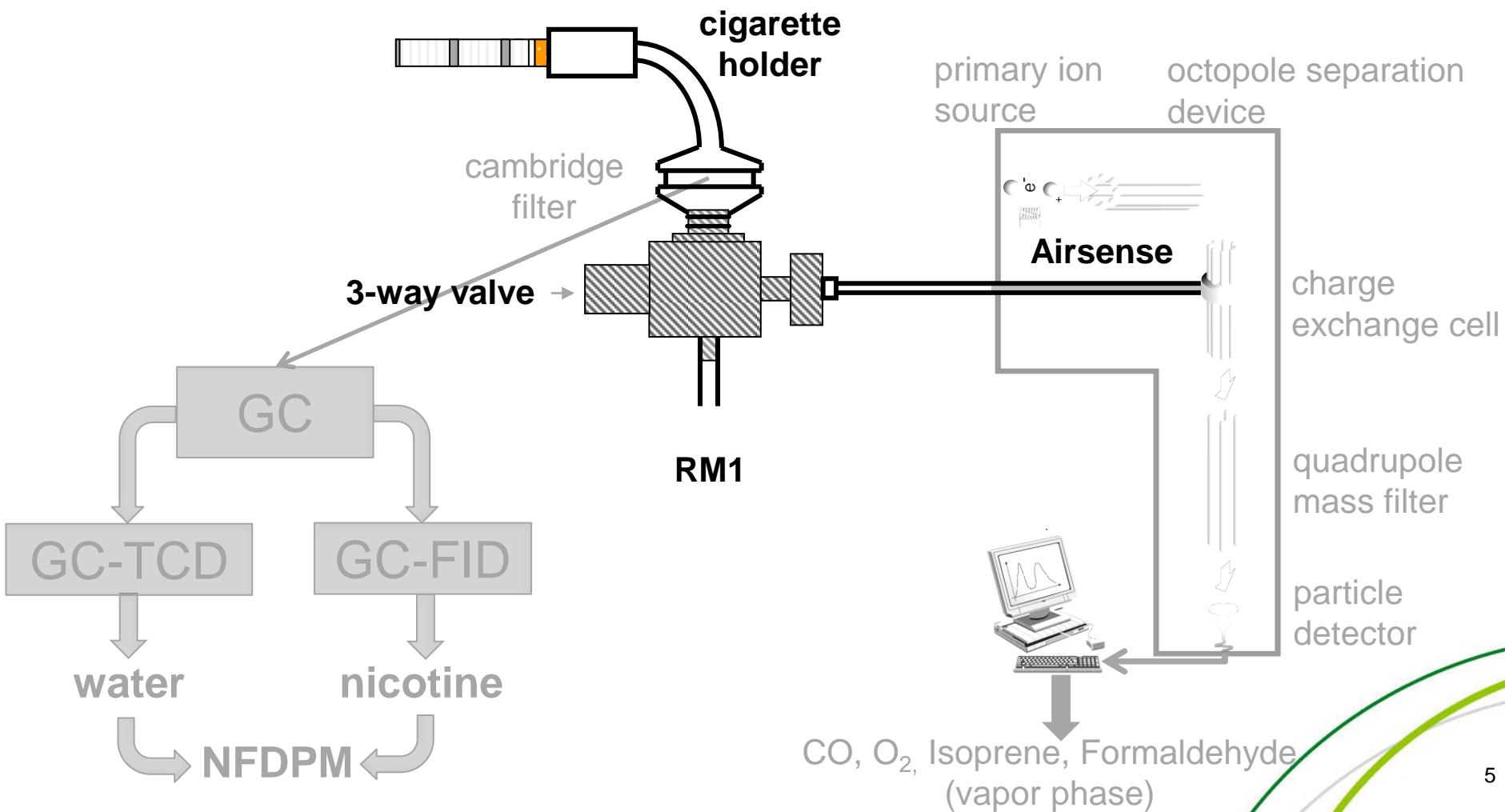
Equipment



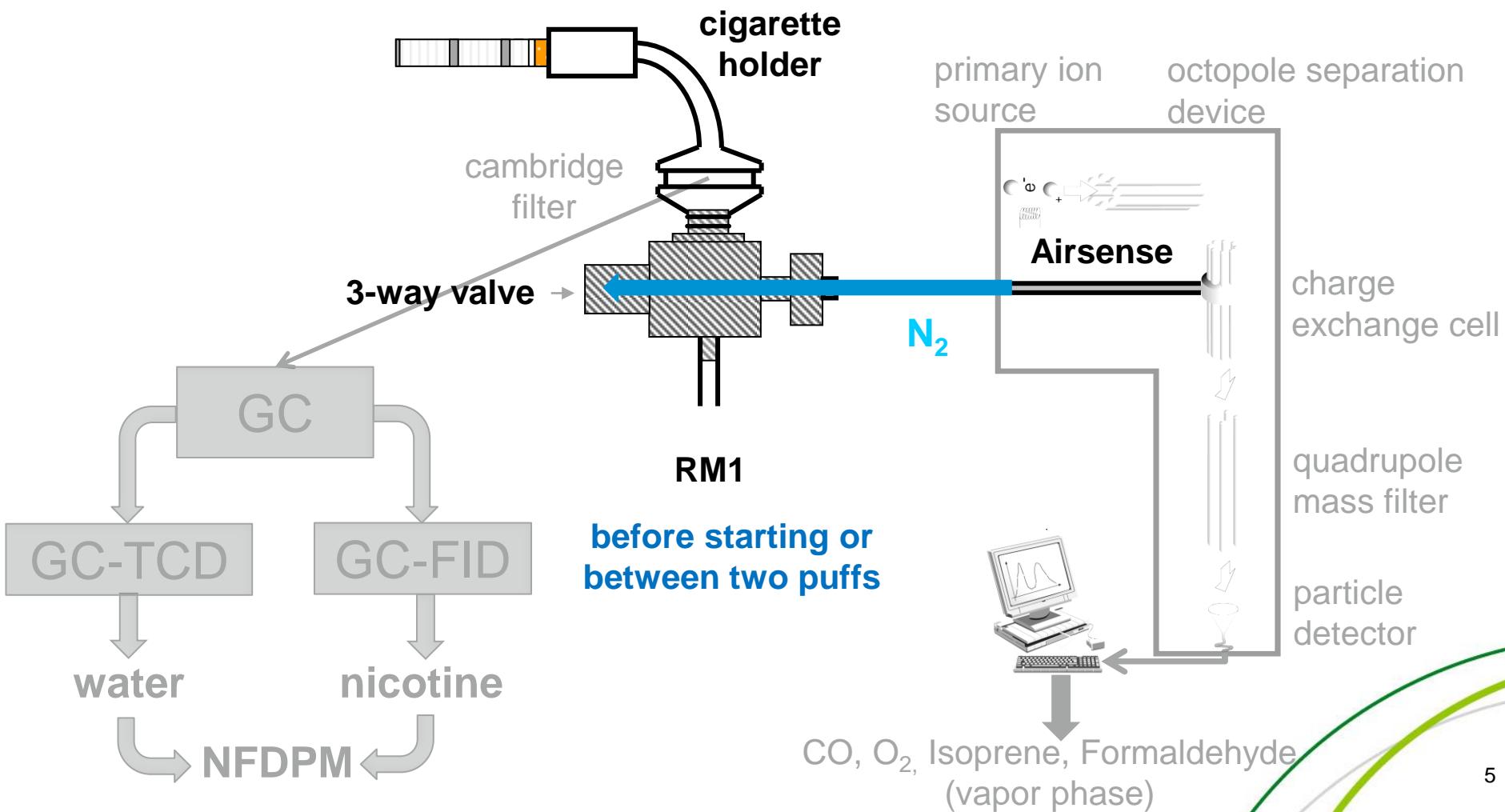
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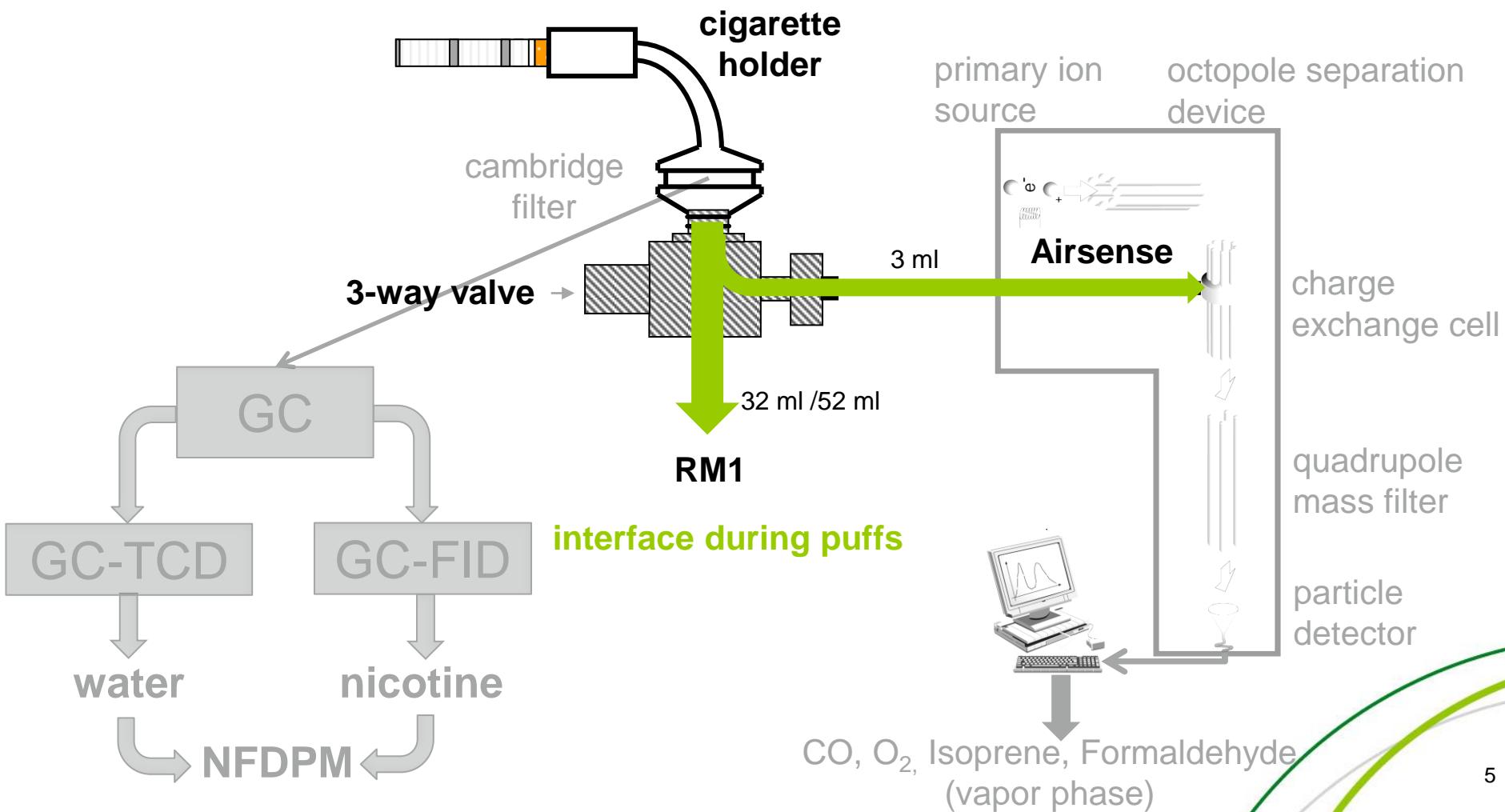
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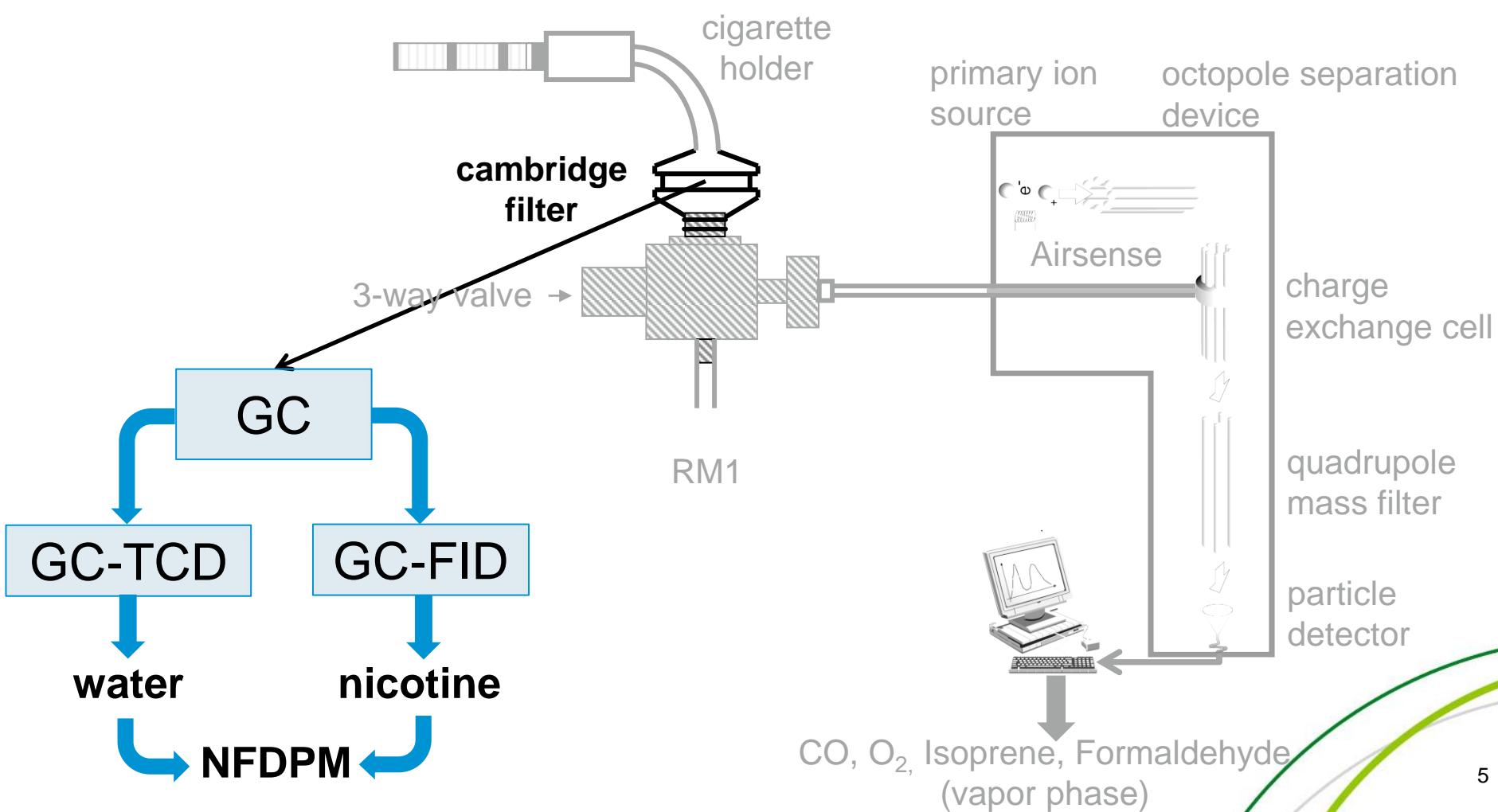
Equipment



Equipment

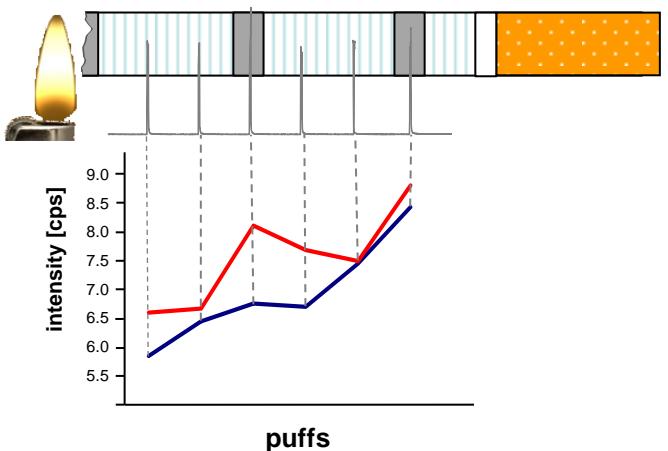


Equipment



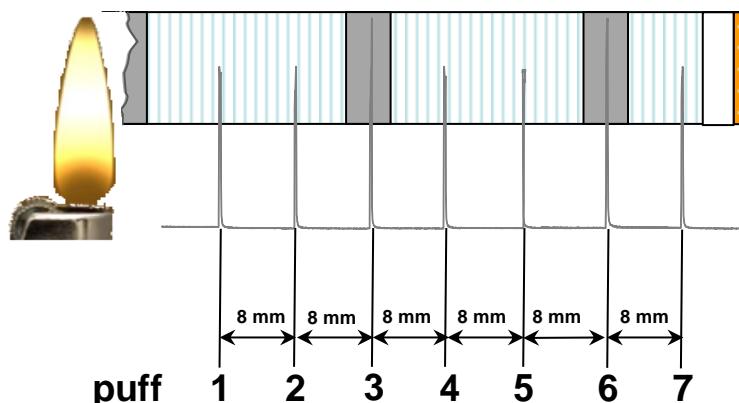
Procedure

- Measurement mode (CORESTA 2012)



according to ISO 3308

- Measurement mode (CORESTA 2013)



puff volume 55 ml
puffs taken manually

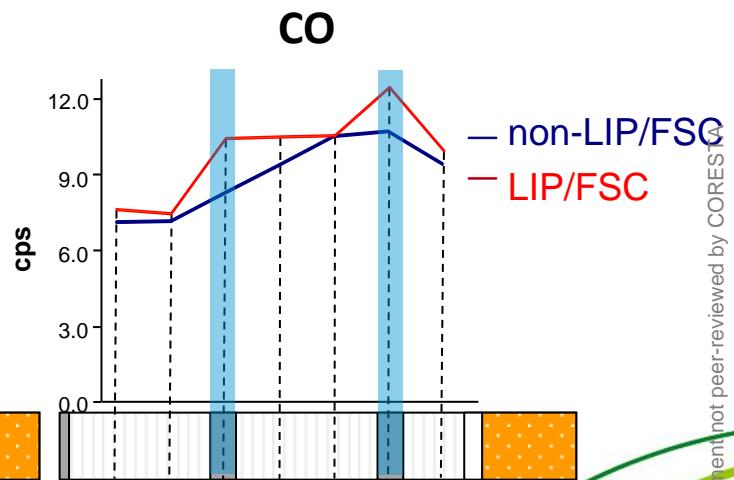
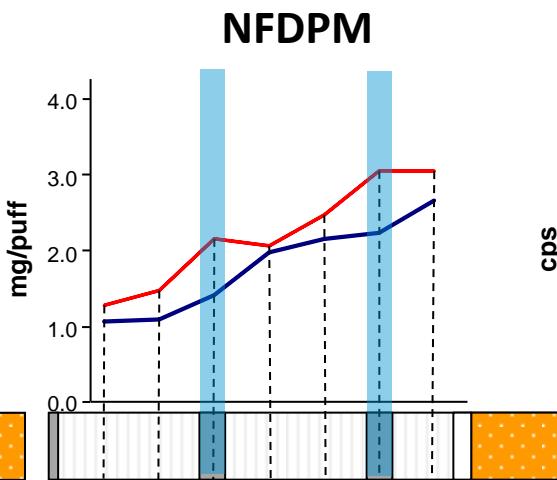
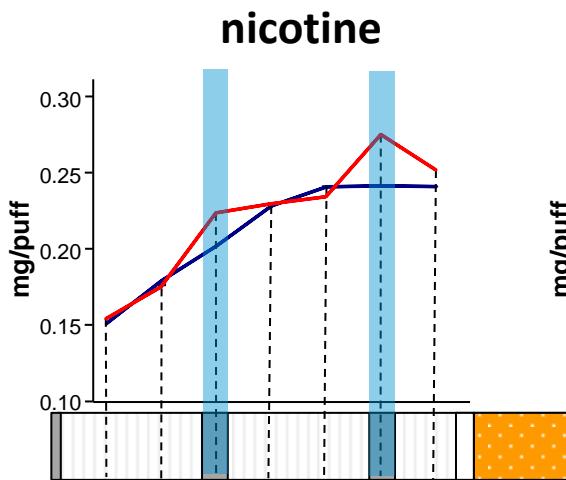
Cigarette sample set

sample	permeability [CU]	burn additive [%]	band D* [cm/s]	band design
set 1: non-LIP vs. LIP				
non-LIP/FSC	75	2	-	-
LIP/FSC	75	2	0.05	6/18
set 2: base paper parameter - permeability				
LIP/FSC [50 CU]	50	1	0.05	6/18
LIP/FSC [125 CU]	125	1	0.05	6/18
set 3: base paper parameter - burn additive				
LIP/FSC [1%]	75	1	0.05	6/18
LIP/FSC [2%]	75	2	0.05	6/18
set 4: band diffusion capacity				
LIP/FSC [0.05 cm/s]	75	2	0.05	6/18
LIP/FSC [0.18 cm/s]	75	2	0.18	6/18

Results

SET 1: LIP/FSC vs. non-LIP/FSC cigarettes

sample	permeability [CU]	burn additive [%]	band D* [cm/s]	band design
non-LIP/FSC	75	2	-	-
LIP/FSC	75	2	0.05	6/18





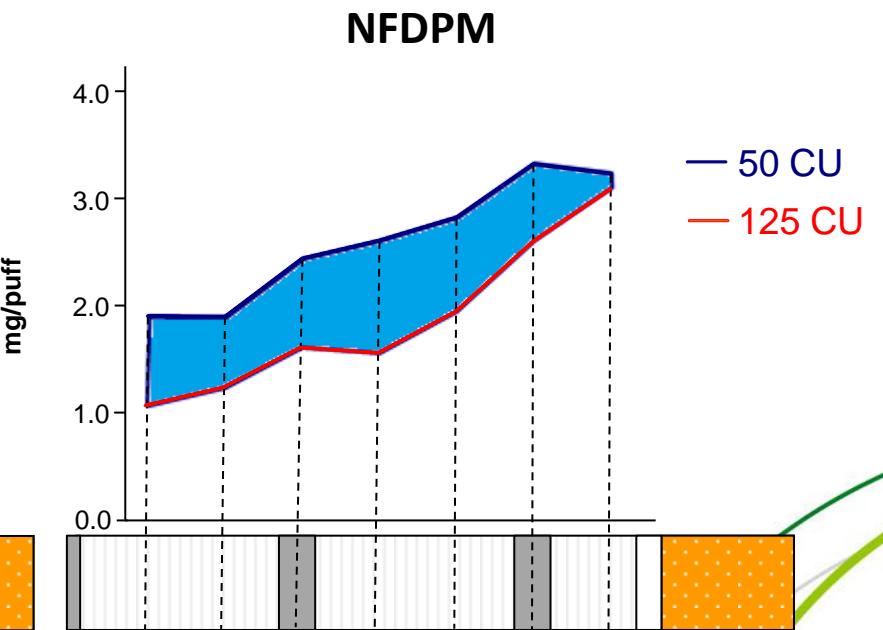
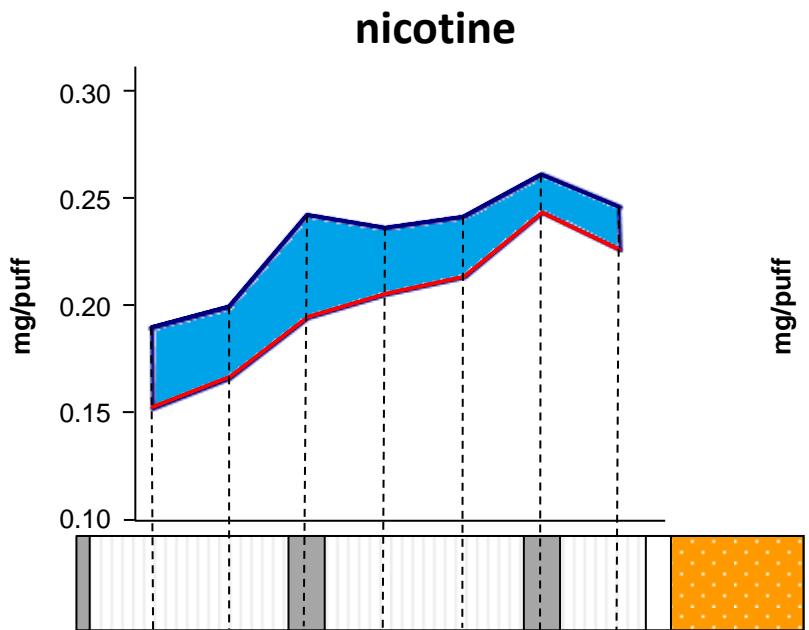
Findings

- LIP/FSC vs. non-LIP/FSC cigarettes
 - typical puff-by-puff profile of LIP/FSC cigarettes
 - higher nicotine, CO and tar levels in banded area
 - puff-by-puff profile independent of the puff volume
 - similar profile for 35 ml and 55 ml

Results

- SET 2: base paper parameters – permeability (50 CU vs. 125 CU)

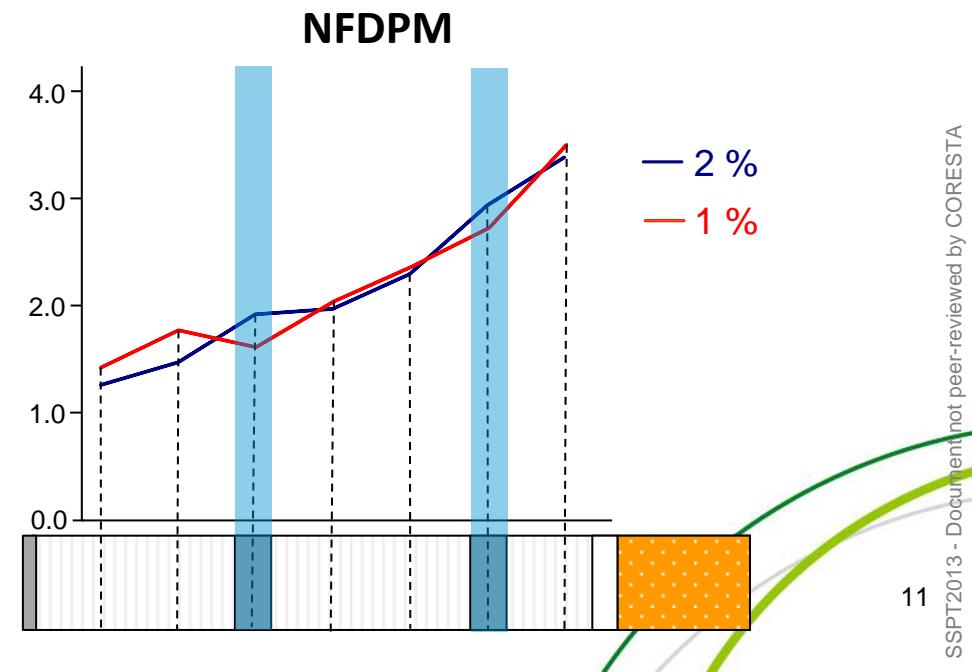
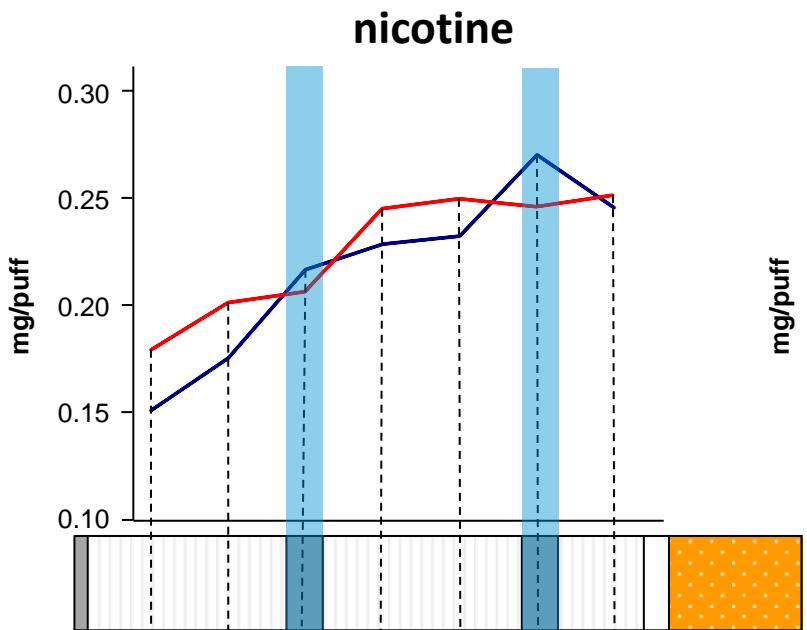
sample	permeability [CU]	burn additive [%]	band D* [cm/s]	band design
LIP/FSC [50 CU]	50	2	0.05	6/18
LIP/FSC [125 CU]	125	2	0.05	6/18



Results

- SET 3: base paper parameters – burn additives (1% vs. 2%)

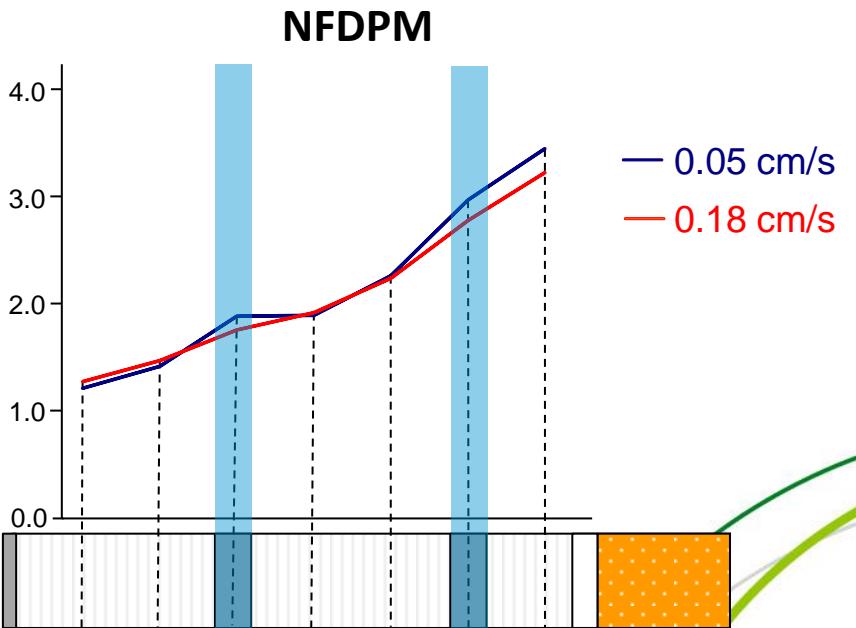
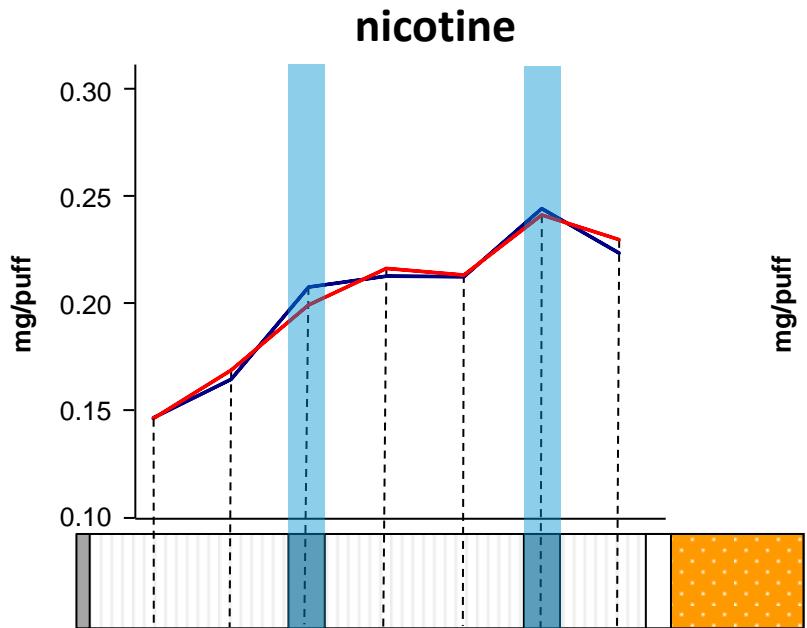
sample	permeability [CU]	burn additive [%]	band D* [cm/s]	band design
LIP/FSC [1 %]	75	1	0.05	6/18
LIP/FSC [2 %]	75	2	0.05	6/18



Results

- SET 4: band diffusion capacity (0.05 cm/s vs. 0.18 cm/s)

sample	permeability [CU]	burn additive [%]	band D* [cm/s]	band design
LIP/FSC [0.05 cm/s]	75	2	0.05	6/18
LIP/FSC [0.18 cm/s]	75	2	0.18	6/18



Findings

█ Paper parameters

█ permeability

- █ typical puff-by-puff profile independent of the permeability
 - differences in nicotine and tar/puff

█ burn additives

- █ puff-by-puff profile depends on the burn additive level
 - 1% → cigarette nearly self-extinguishes during smouldering in the band
 - 2% → typical puff-by-puff profile

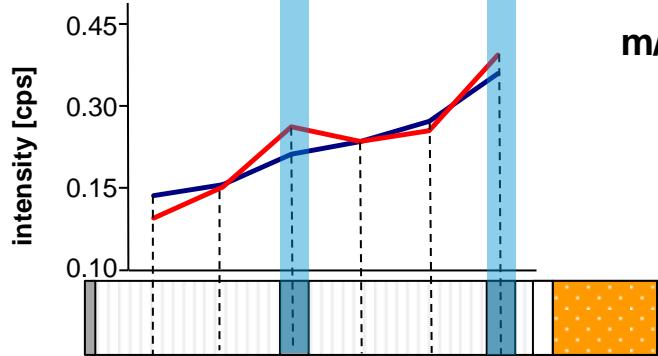
█ band diffusion capacity

- █ typical puff-by-puff depends on the diffusion capacity level
 - 0.05 cm/s → typical puff-by-puff profile
 - 0.18 cm/s → profile not so distinctive

Other analytes

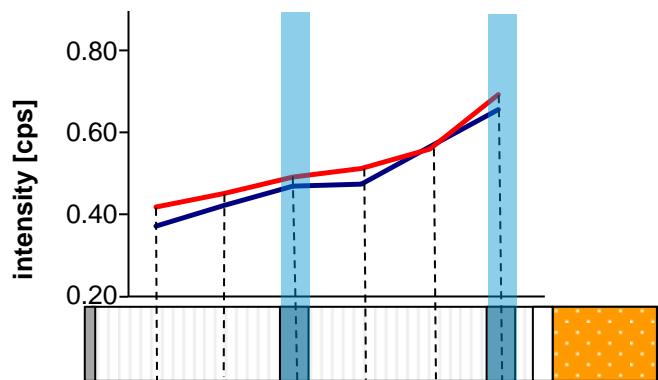
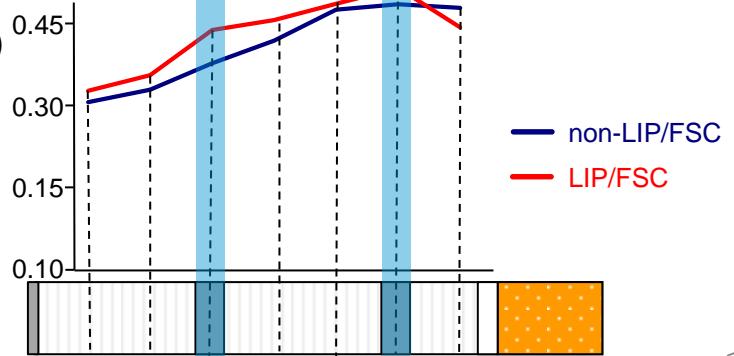
- Trends observed for other analytes

ISO 3308

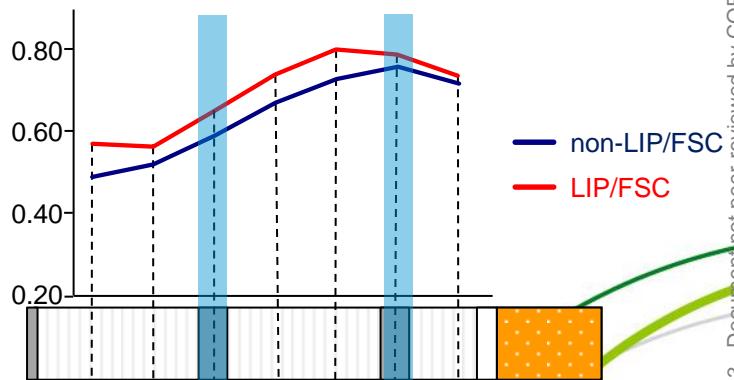


m/z 30 (Formaldehyde)

puff of 55 ml manually taken



m/z 68 (Isoprene)



Summary

● Typical puff-by-puff profile of LIP/FSC cigarettes

- higher nicotine, tar and CO levels in banded area
- lower O₂ levels in banded area

exception: sample with high band diffusion capacity and with lower burn additive level

● Puff-by-puff profile independening of the puff volume

- higher puff volume leads to higher values

● Trends for other analytes

- Puff-by-puff profile depends on the type of analyte

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THANK YOU!