

The Effect on TSNAs of Cutting and Housing Wet Tobacco

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TSNA Relevance to Growers

- 2009 KY & TN Production Guide – chapter on TSNA management
- Some recommendations tentative (cutting, housing wet)

TSNAs in Burley Tobacco

Anne Jack and Lowell Bush

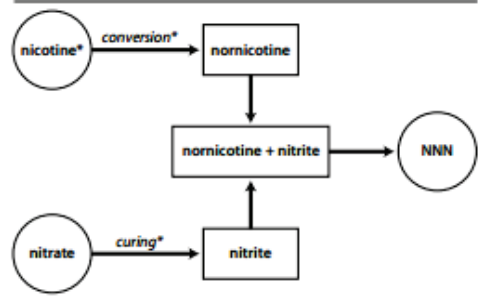
What Are TSNAs?

TSNAs, tobacco specific nitrosamines, are so-called because they are formed only from tobacco alkaloids and found only in tobacco leaf and in the particulate phase of tobacco smoke. Nitrosamines are nitrogenous compounds, some of which are carcinogenic. They are found in a wide range of food and cosmetic products, as well as in tobacco. With the current emphasis on the health risks of tobacco, TSNA reduction has become a major issue for tobacco companies.

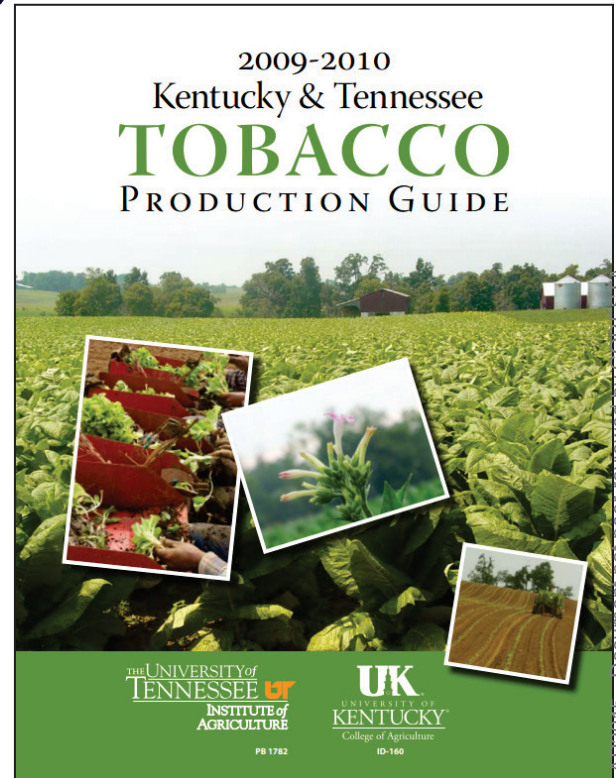
Several tobacco-specific nitrosamines have been identified, but interest has focused on the four most important: NNK, NNN, NAT and NAB. Of these, NNN is the most important in burley tobacco.

How Are TSNAs Formed?

Figure 1. NNN formation.



*Targets for TSNA reduction.



Background

- Previous work: pre-harvest applied anti-oxidants → ↑ TSNAs
 - Water control > unsprayed control
- Possible that wetting leaf ↑ TSNAs
 - Provisionally advised growers not to cut or house wet tobacco
 - Little supporting data
 - Also not advisable because of green tobacco sickness (nicotine poisoning)



Why Cut/House Wet?

- Time running out
 - Other operations
 - Frost
- Labor
 - Contract labor availability



FIRSTALERT WEATHER

WET WEATHER DELAYS TOBACCO HARVEST
Lexington

ALERT 5:05
89° **WKYT**

Objectives

- Test tentative recommendations to growers
 - Not to cut wet tobacco
 - Not to house wet tobacco



Procedure

3 year study: 2011, 2012, 2013



Cutting Treatments

Cut dry



Cut wet



200 gallons acre⁻¹
1870 L ha⁻¹



Housing Treatments

Railwagon



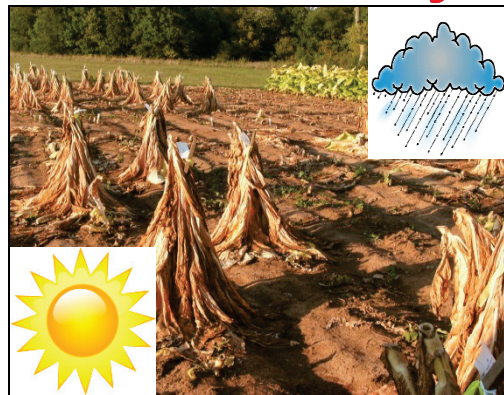
No sun
No rain Sun
 No rain

6 days cutting
to pickup

Wilted on wagons



Field wilted,
housed **dry**



Sun
Rain

Field wilted,
housed **wet**



Varieties

High converter, high TSNA

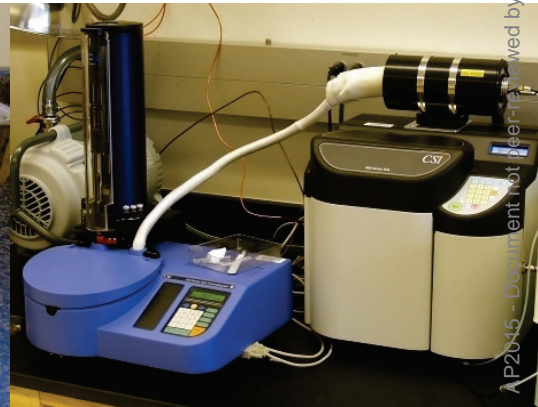
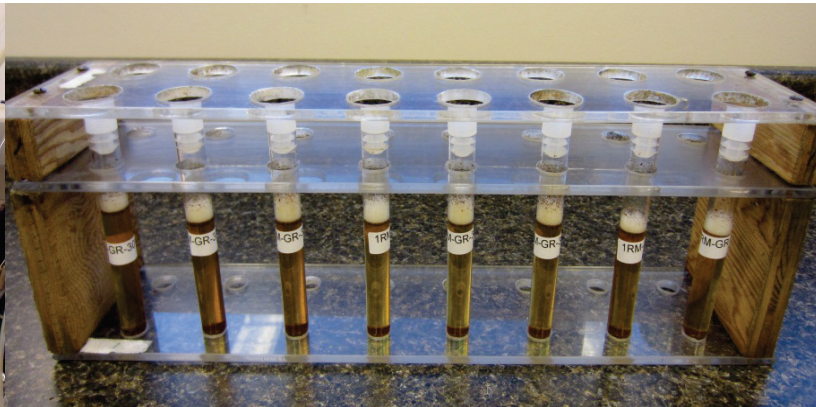
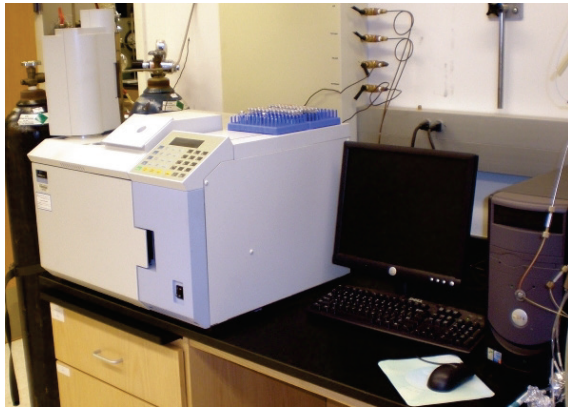
TN 90LC

TN 90H



Variables

- Alkaloids
- TSNAs
- NO_2 N
- NO_3 N



Analyses on:

Both lamina & midribs



Weather



2011

- Set late – wet spring
 - Housed late in season
- Continuous rain after cutting
 - “Wilted on wagon” treatment
 - Ineffective because left indoors
- Unfavorable curing
 - Humid but cold
 - Low TSNAs
 - 3-4 ppm in high converter

2012

- Set on time
 - Housed early in season
- Extended drought
 - Drip irrigation
- Less favorable curing
 - Warm, fairly dry
 - Higher TSNAs
 - 10-11 ppm in high converter
 - vs 3-4 ppm in 2011

2013

- Set on time
 - Housed early in season
- VERY wet early in season
 - Small root system
- Despite favorable curing
 - Warm & humid
 - Low TSNAs, similar to 2011
 - 3-4 ppm in high converter
 - vs 10-11 ppm in 2012

Results





Cutting Treatments

Cutting: All Variables

Both Varieties, Lamina & Midrib

2011 NS

2012 NS

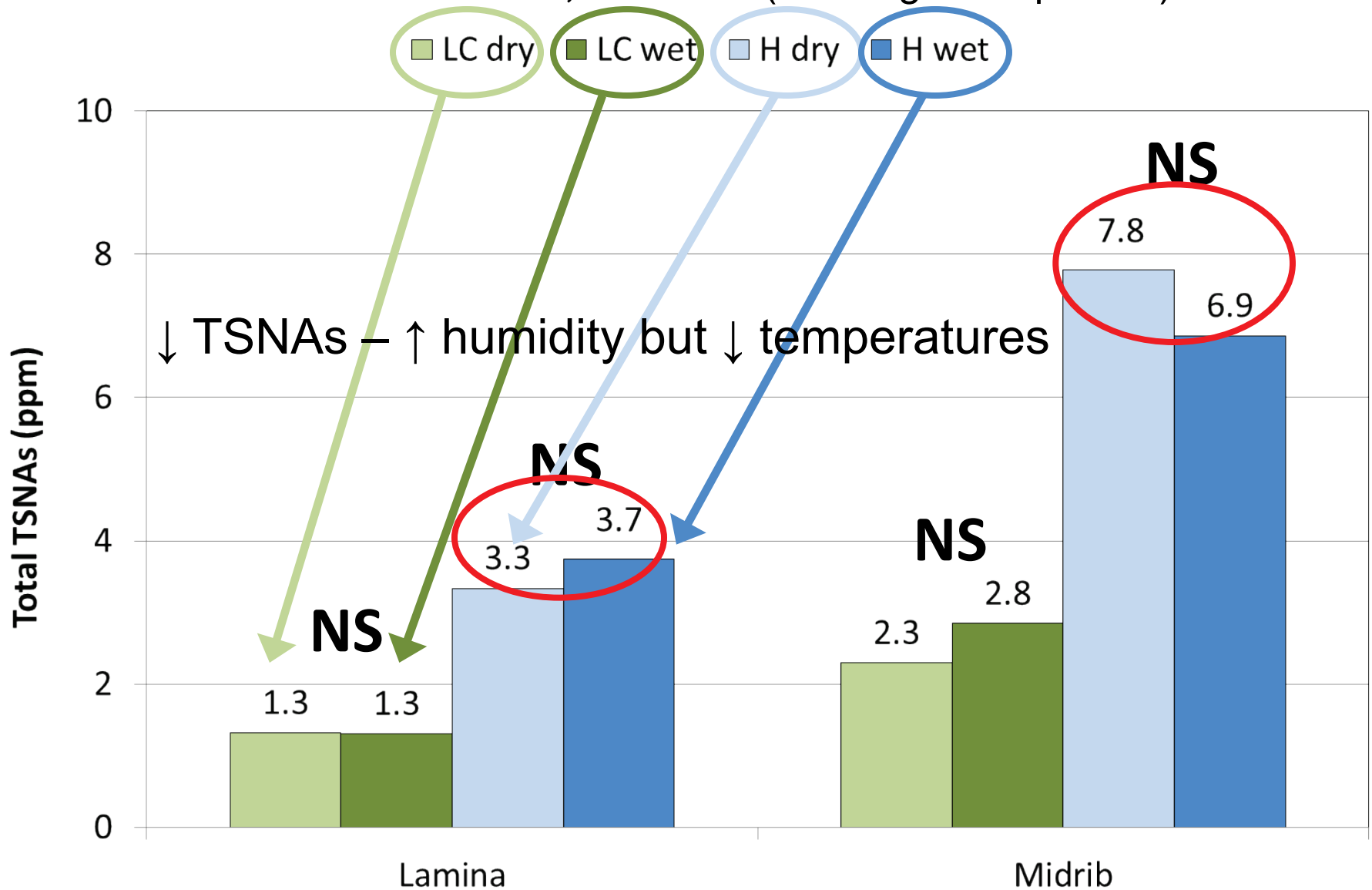
2013 NS

Combined NS

$P > 0.05$

Total TSNAs 2011: Cutting Treatments

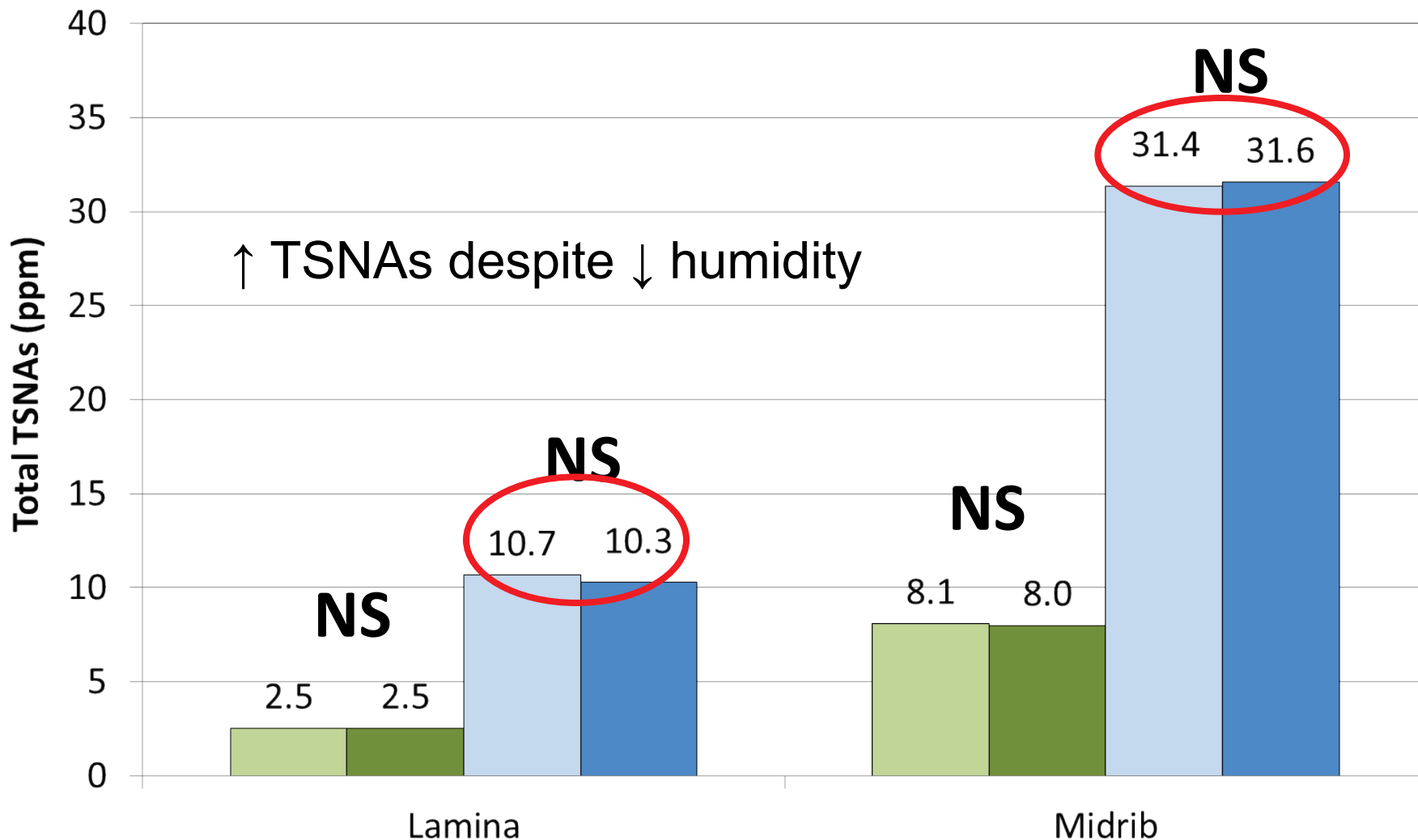
Lamina & Midrib, LC & H (housing trmts pooled)



TOTAL TSNA_s 2012: Cutting Treatments

Lamina & Midrib, LC & H (housing trmts pooled)

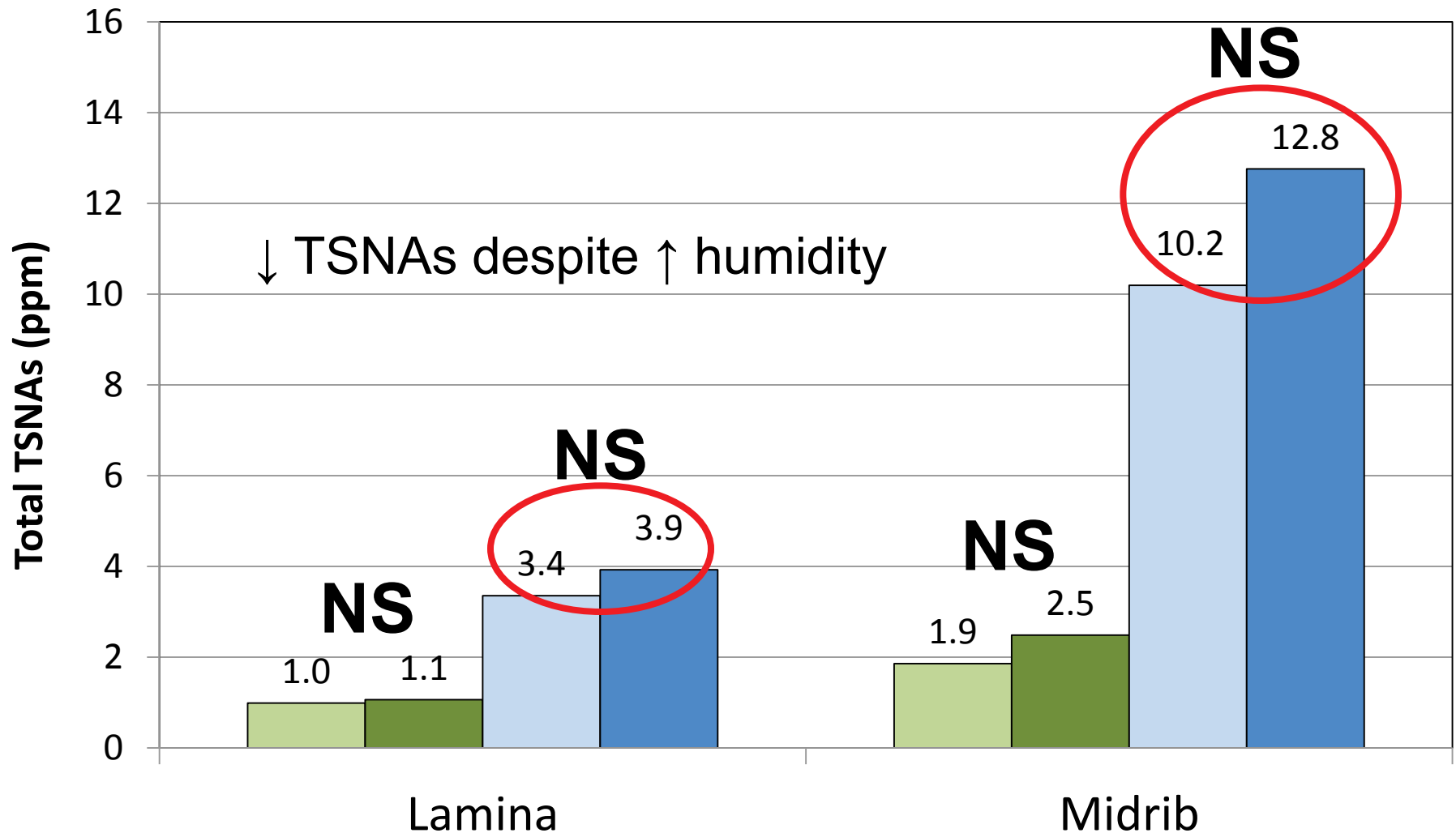
LC dry LC wet H dry H wet



TOTAL TSNA's 2013: Cutting Treatments

Lamina & Midrib, LC & H (housing trmts pooled)

LC dry LC wet H dry H wet



Housing Treatments

A man wearing a blue short-sleeved shirt, a tan hat, and safety glasses is working in a curing room. He is surrounded by large, vertical bundles of tobacco leaves hanging from wooden beams. The leaves are in various stages of curing, with some appearing green and others yellowish-brown. The man is holding a bundle of leaves, possibly inspecting or adjusting them. The room is dimly lit, with light coming from windows at the bottom.

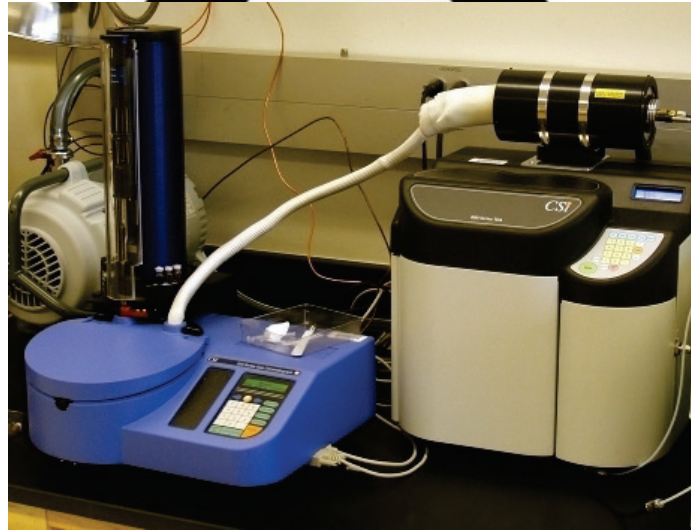
2011 Housing Treatments

Both Varieties, Lamina & Midrib

All variables NS P>0.05

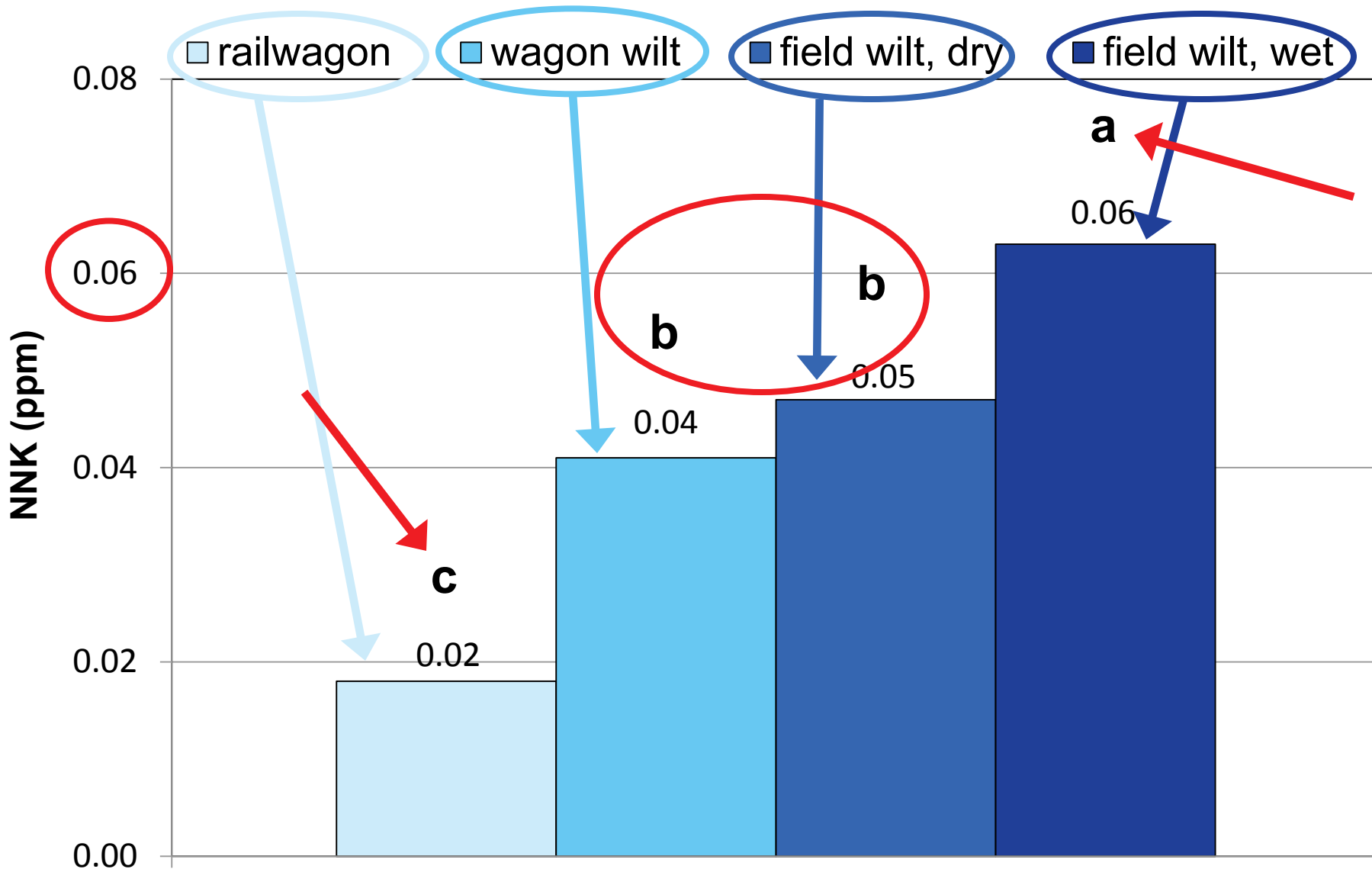
Data presented only for
2013, 2014

NNK



NNK 2012: Housing Treatments

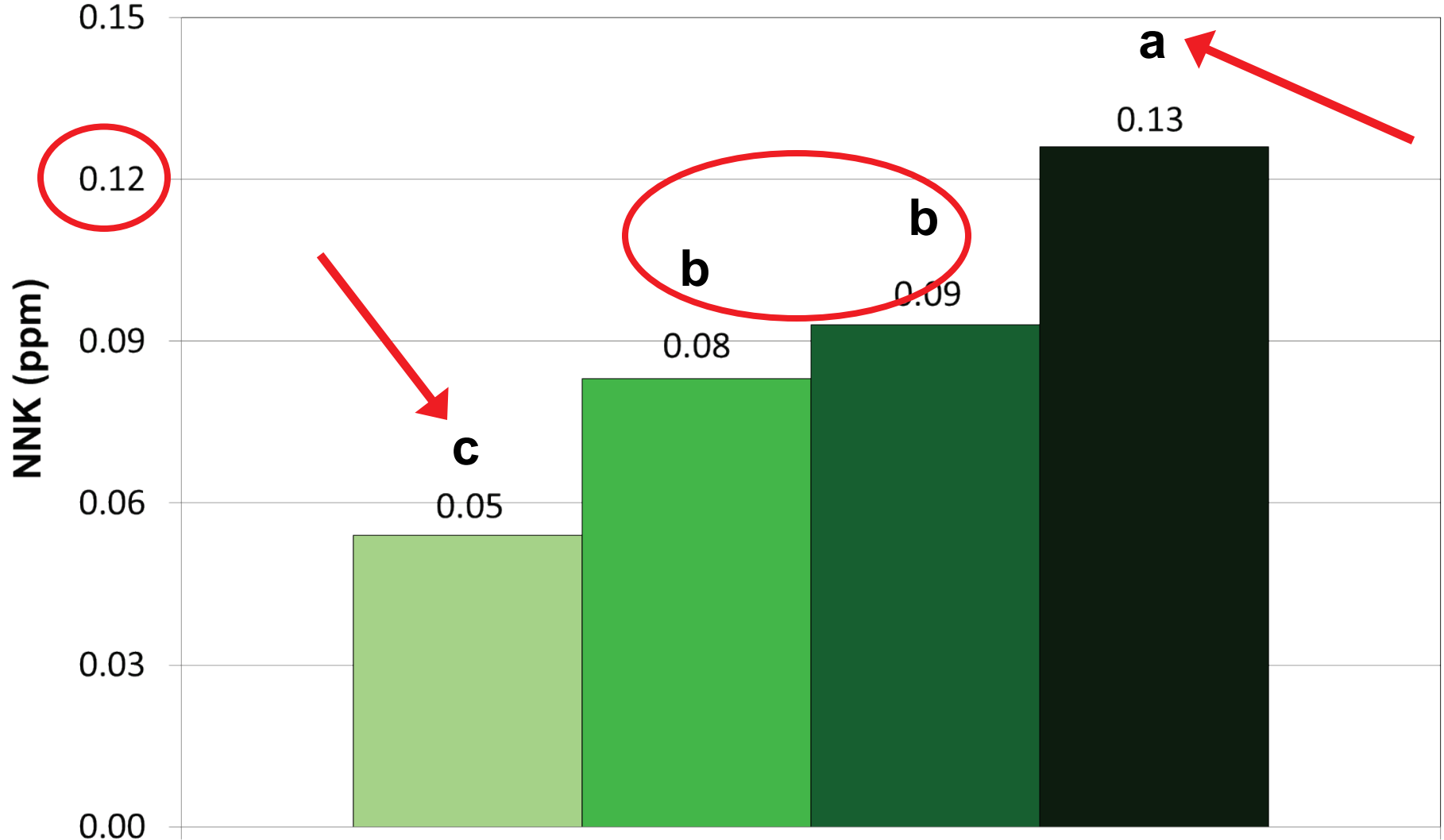
High Converter: Lamina (cutting trmmts pooled)



NNK 2012: Housing Treatments

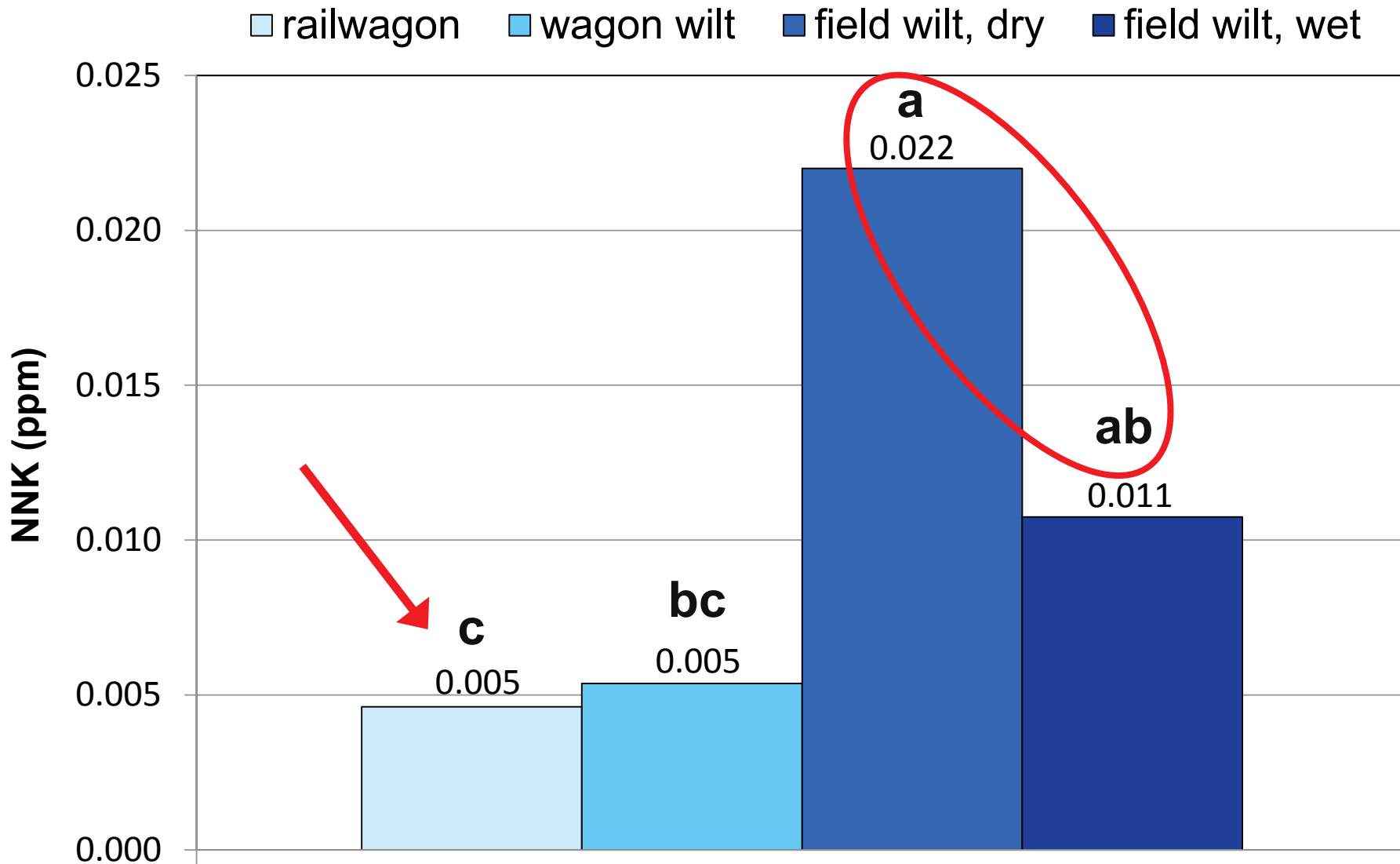
Low Converter: Lamina (cutting trmts pooled)

■ railwagon ■ wagon wilt ■ field wilt, dry ■ field wilt, wet



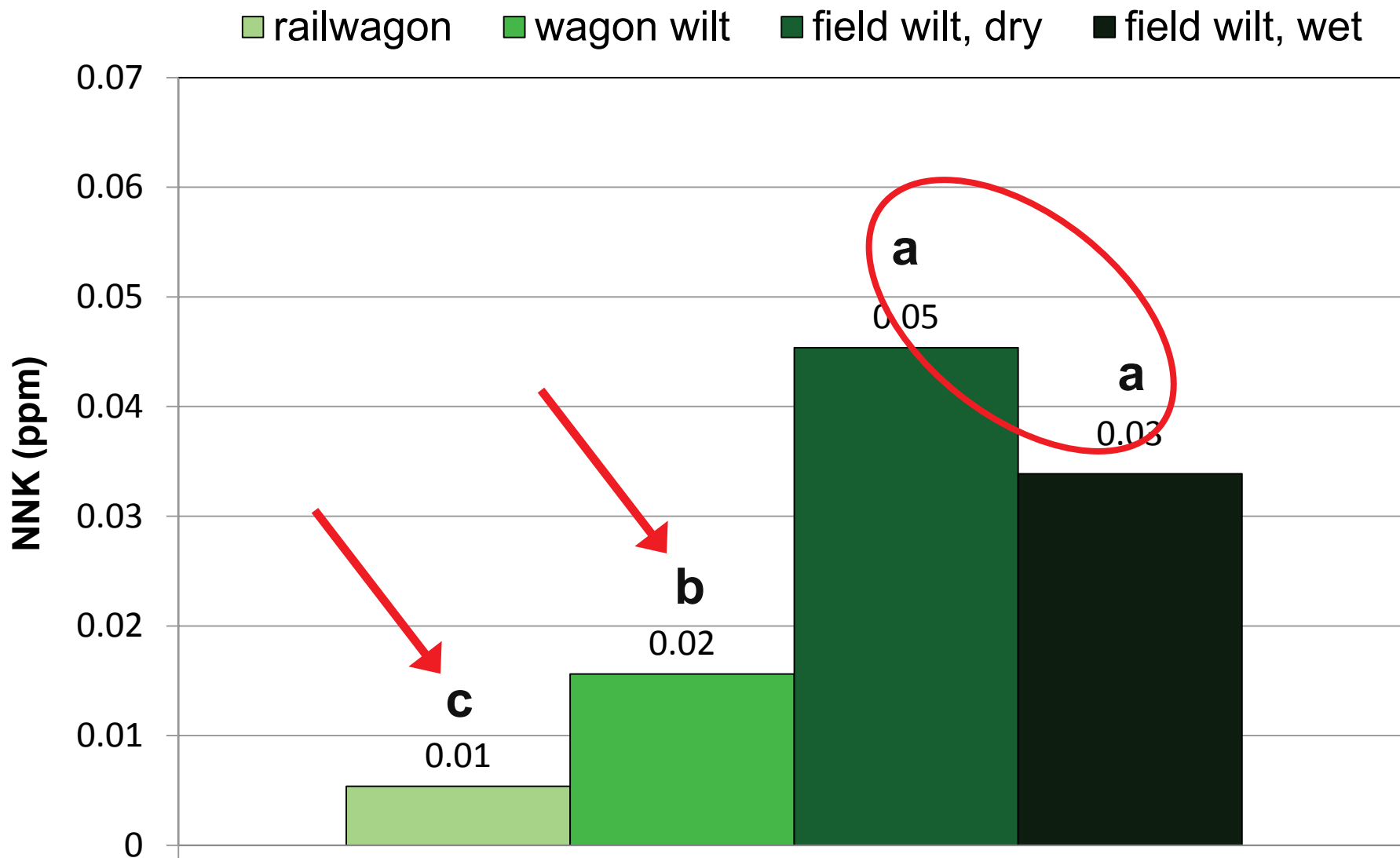
NNK 2013: Housing Treatments

High Converter: Lamina (cutting trmts pooled)



NNK 2013: Housing Treatments

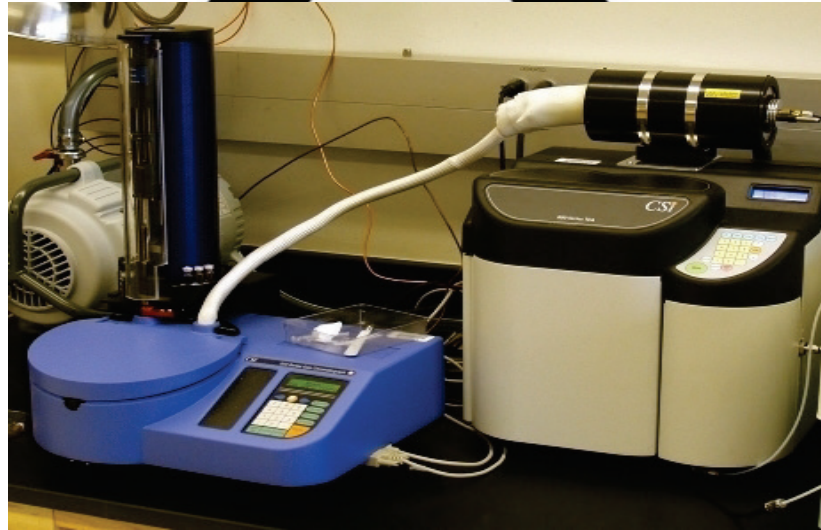
Low Converter: Lamina (cutting trmts pooled)



NNK: Years combined: not valid, Housing x Year interaction



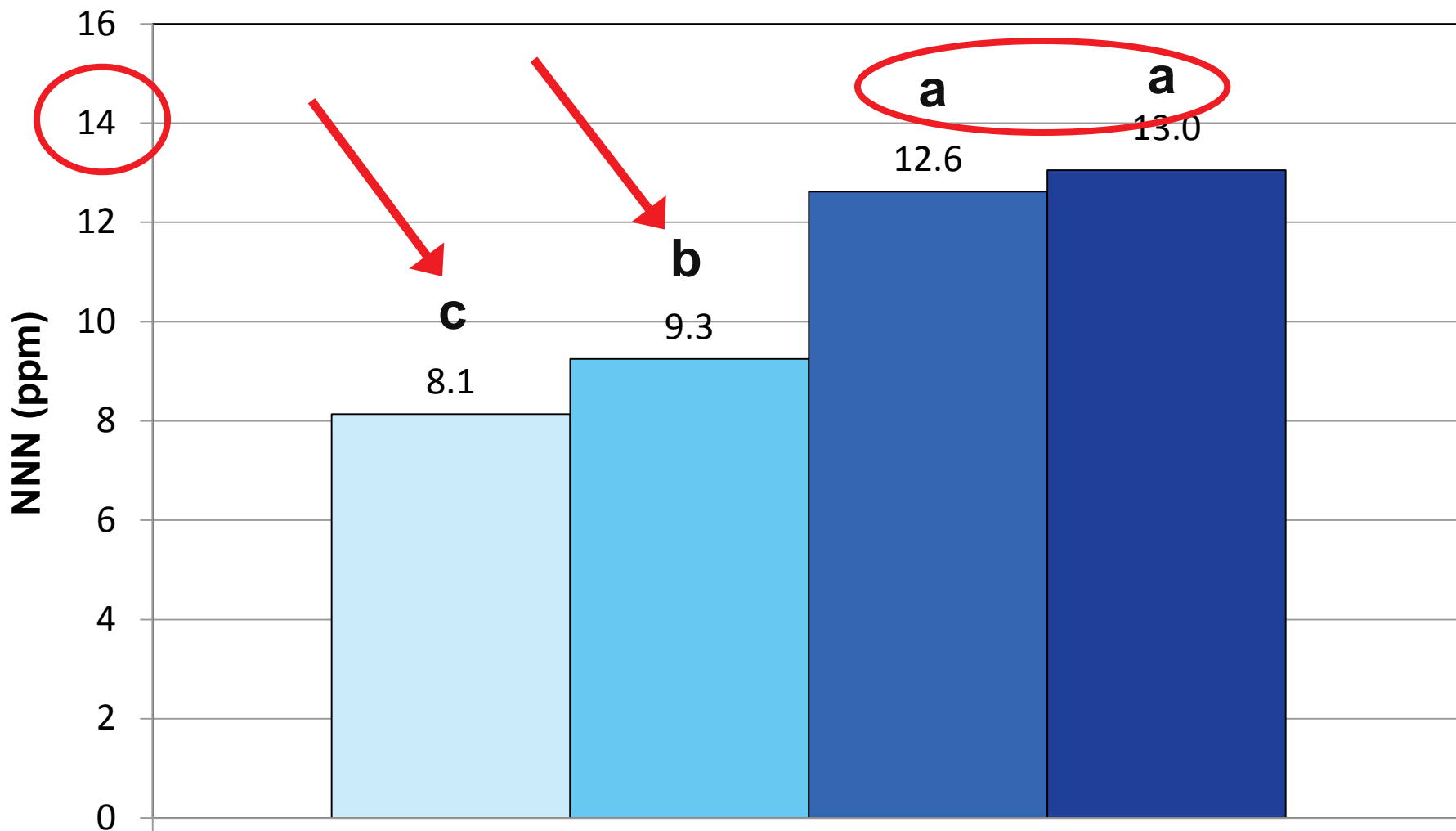
NNN



NNN 2013: Housing Treatments

High Converter: **Midrib** (cutting trmts pooled)

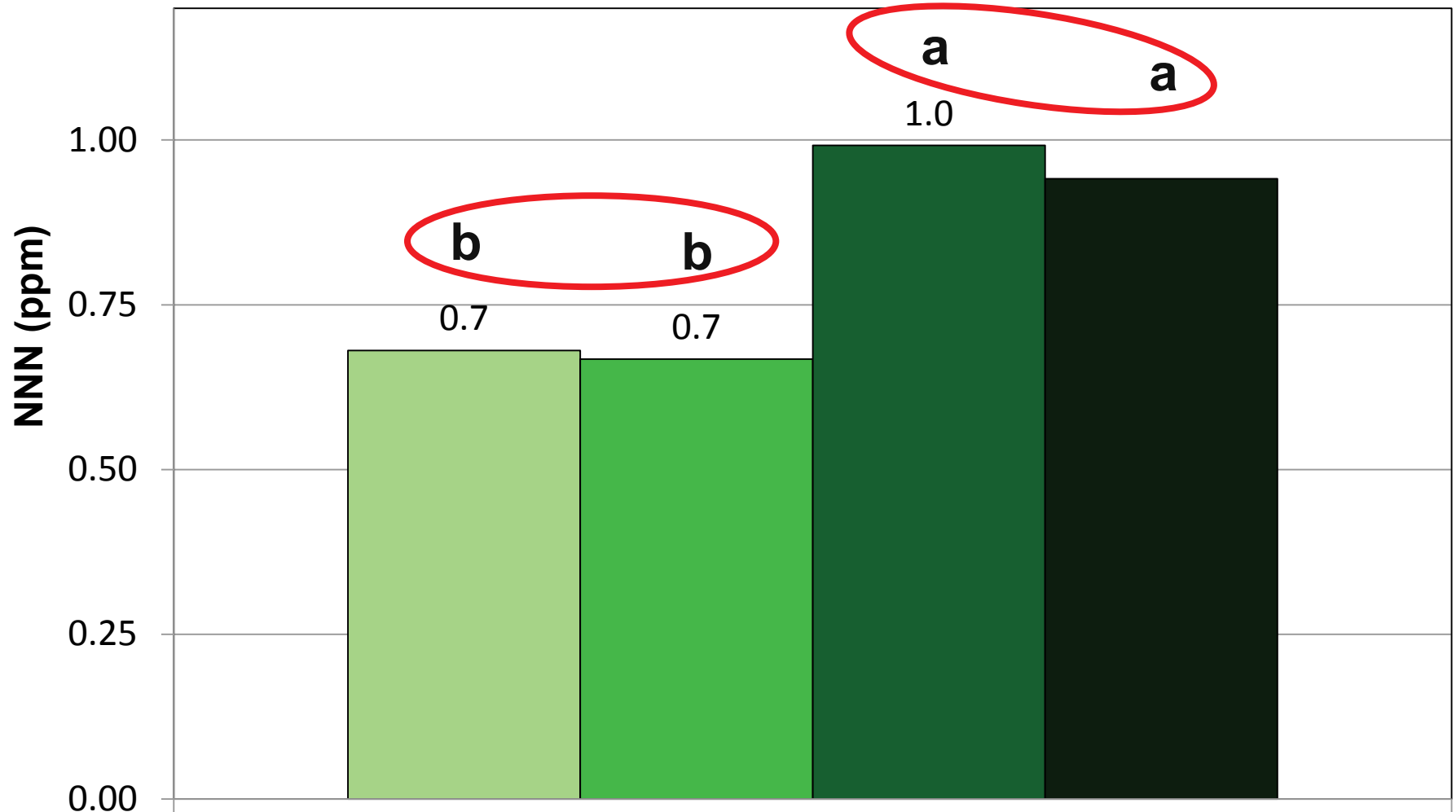
□ railwagon □ wagon wilt ■ field wilt, dry ■ field wilt, wet



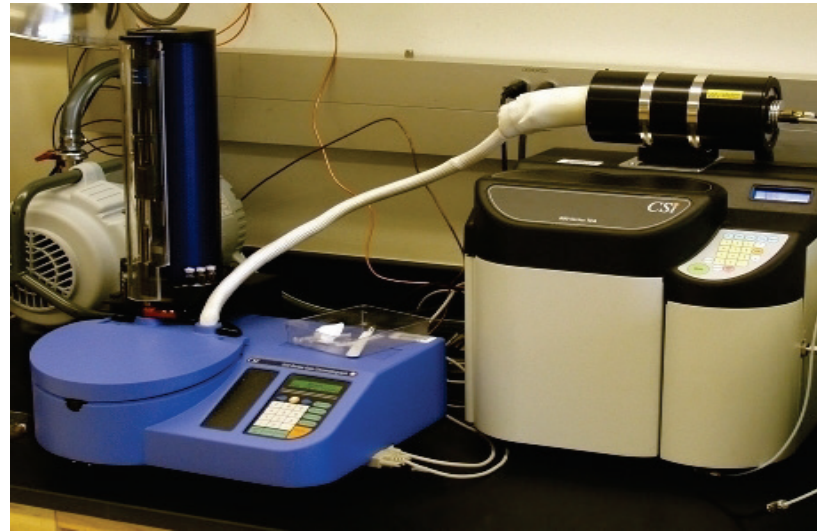
NNN Years Combined: Housing Treatments

Low Converter: Lamina (cutting trmmts pooled)

■ railwagon ■ wagon wilt ■ field wilt, dry ■ field wilt, wet

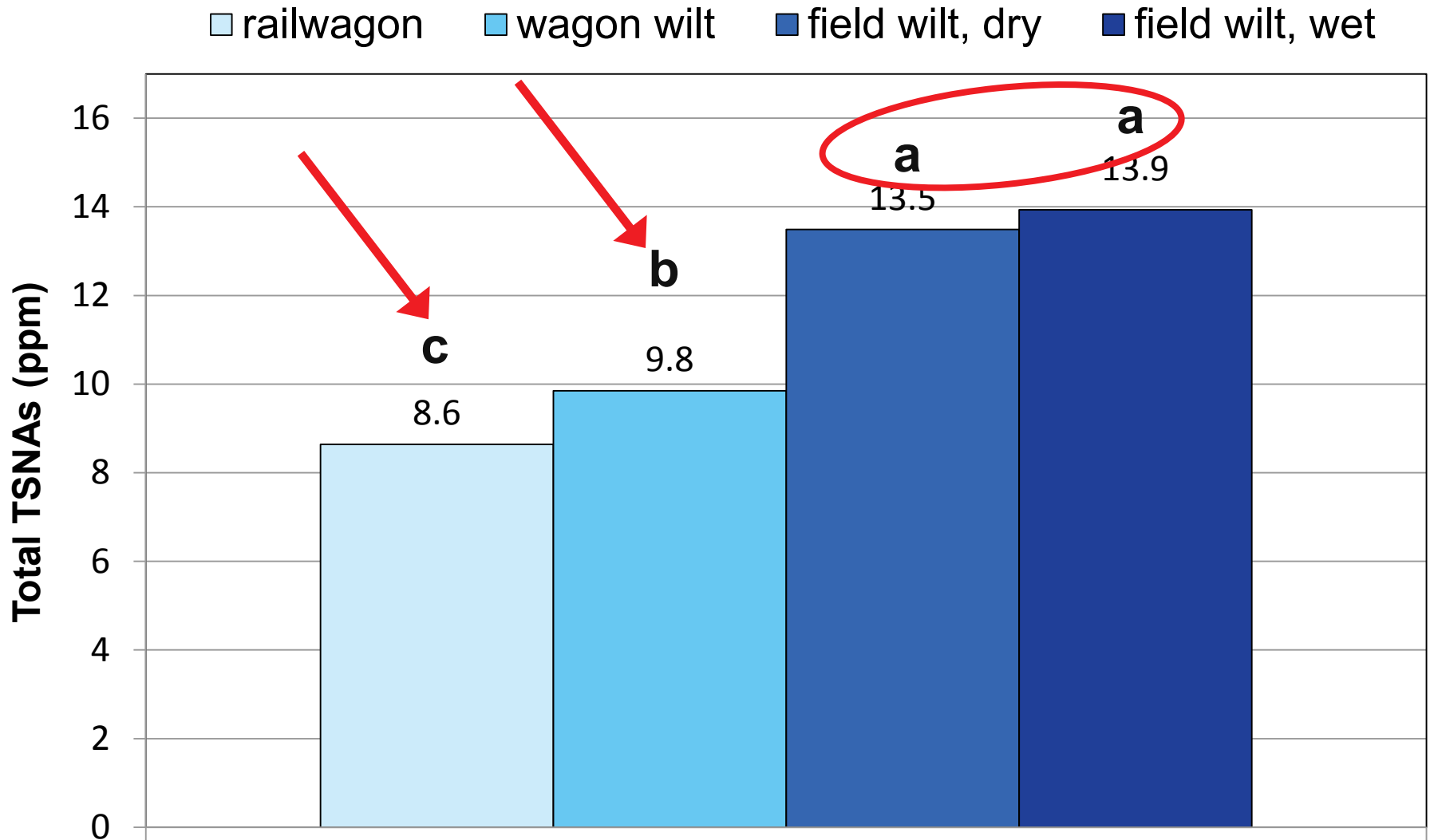


Total TSNAs

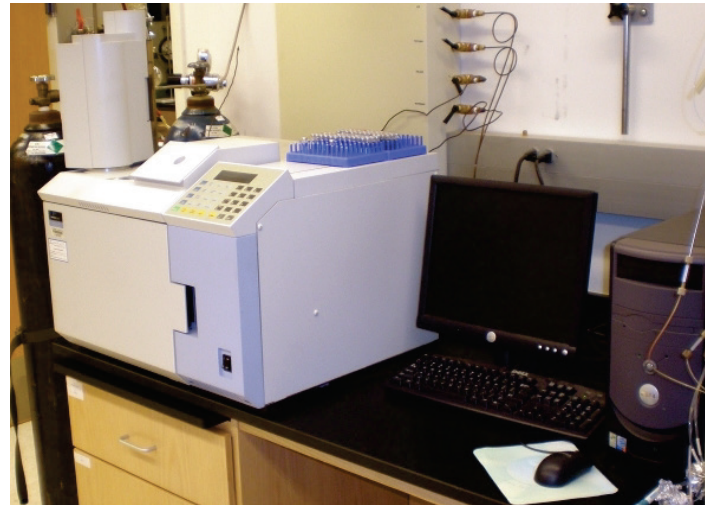


Total TSNAs 2013: Housing Treatments

High Converter: Midrib (cutting trmts pooled)



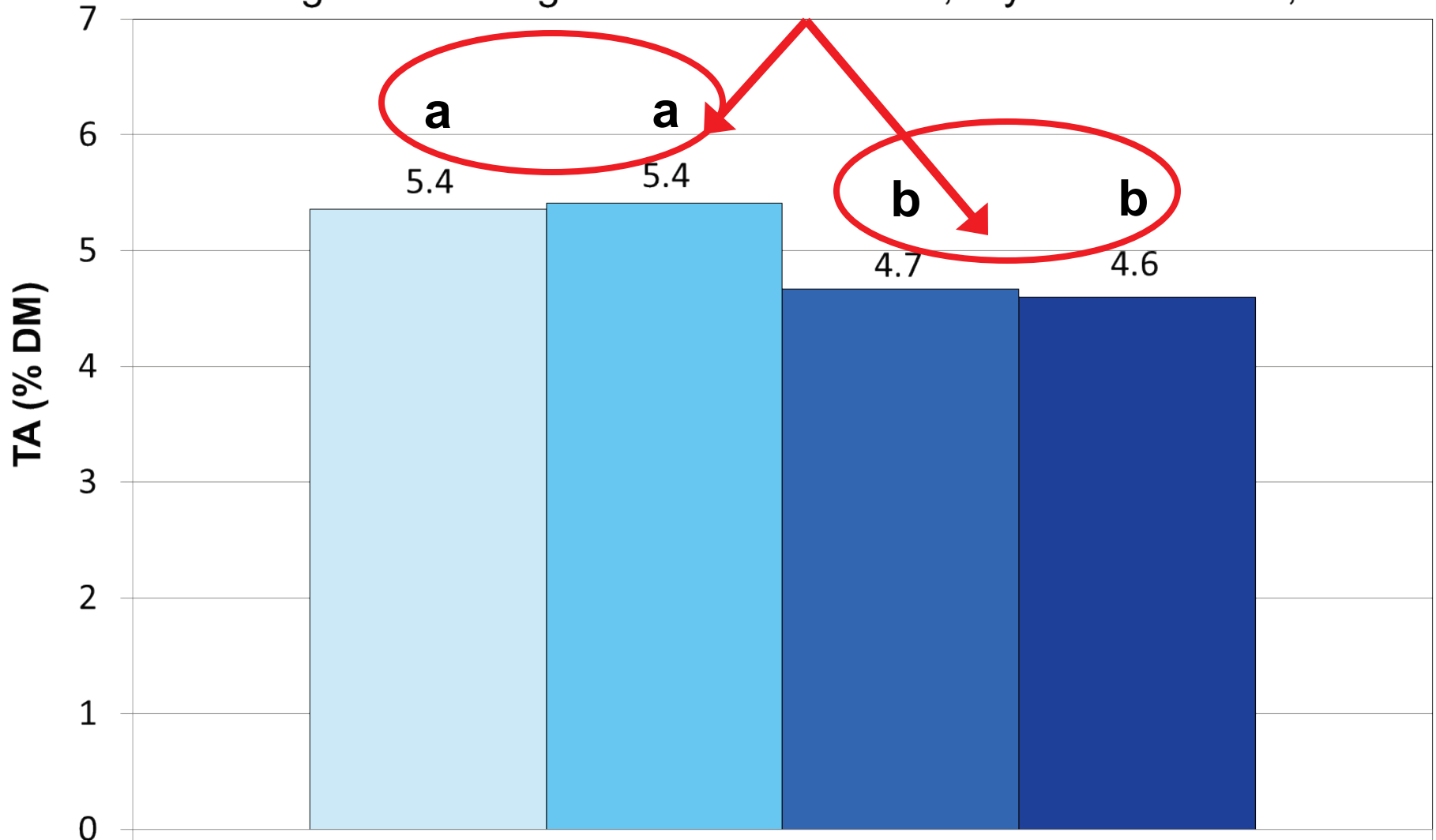
Total Alkaloids



Total Alkaloids 2012: Housing Treatments

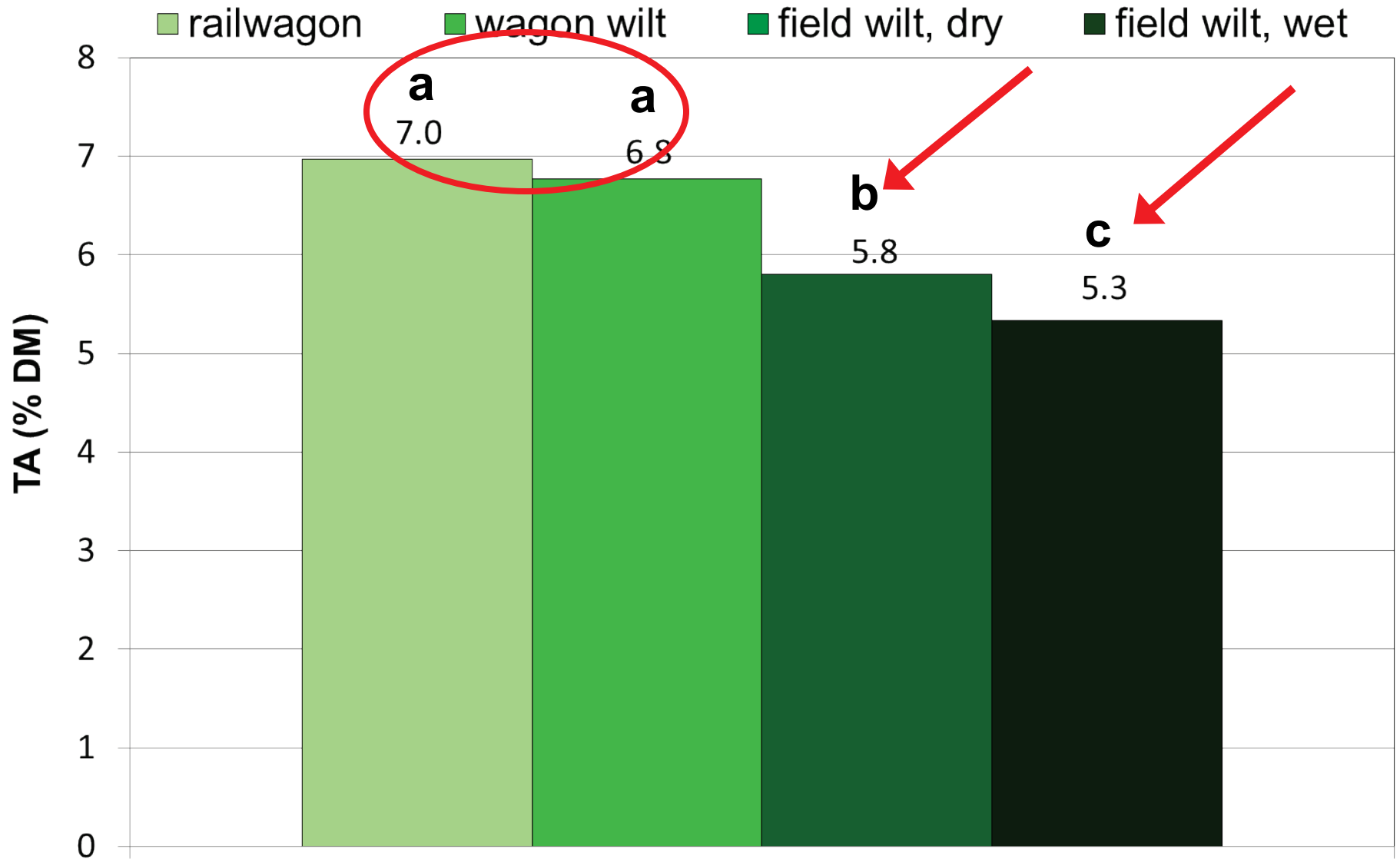
High Converter: Lamina (cutting trmts pooled)

■ railwagon ■ wagon wilt ■ field wilt, dry ■ field wilt, wet



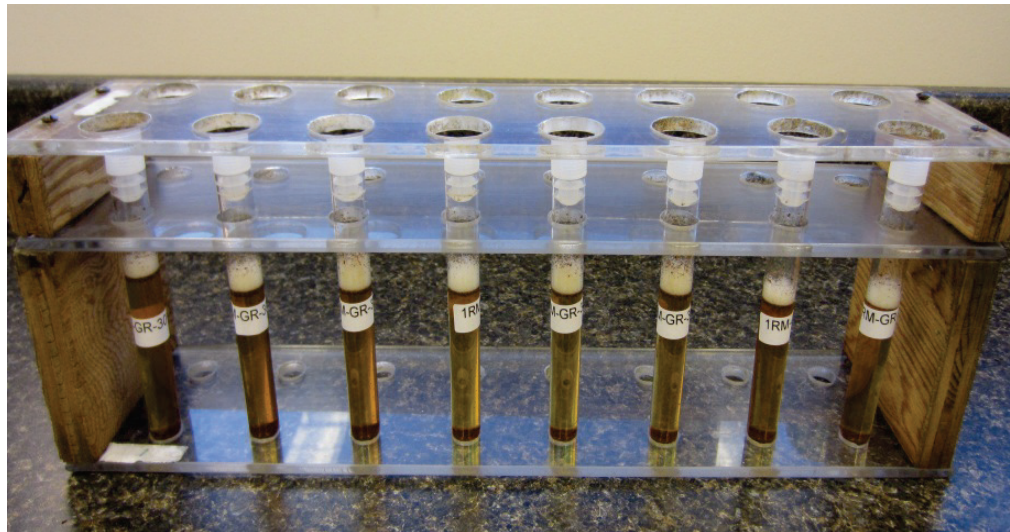
Total Alkaloids 2012: Housing Treatments

Low Converter: Lamina (cutting trmts pooled)





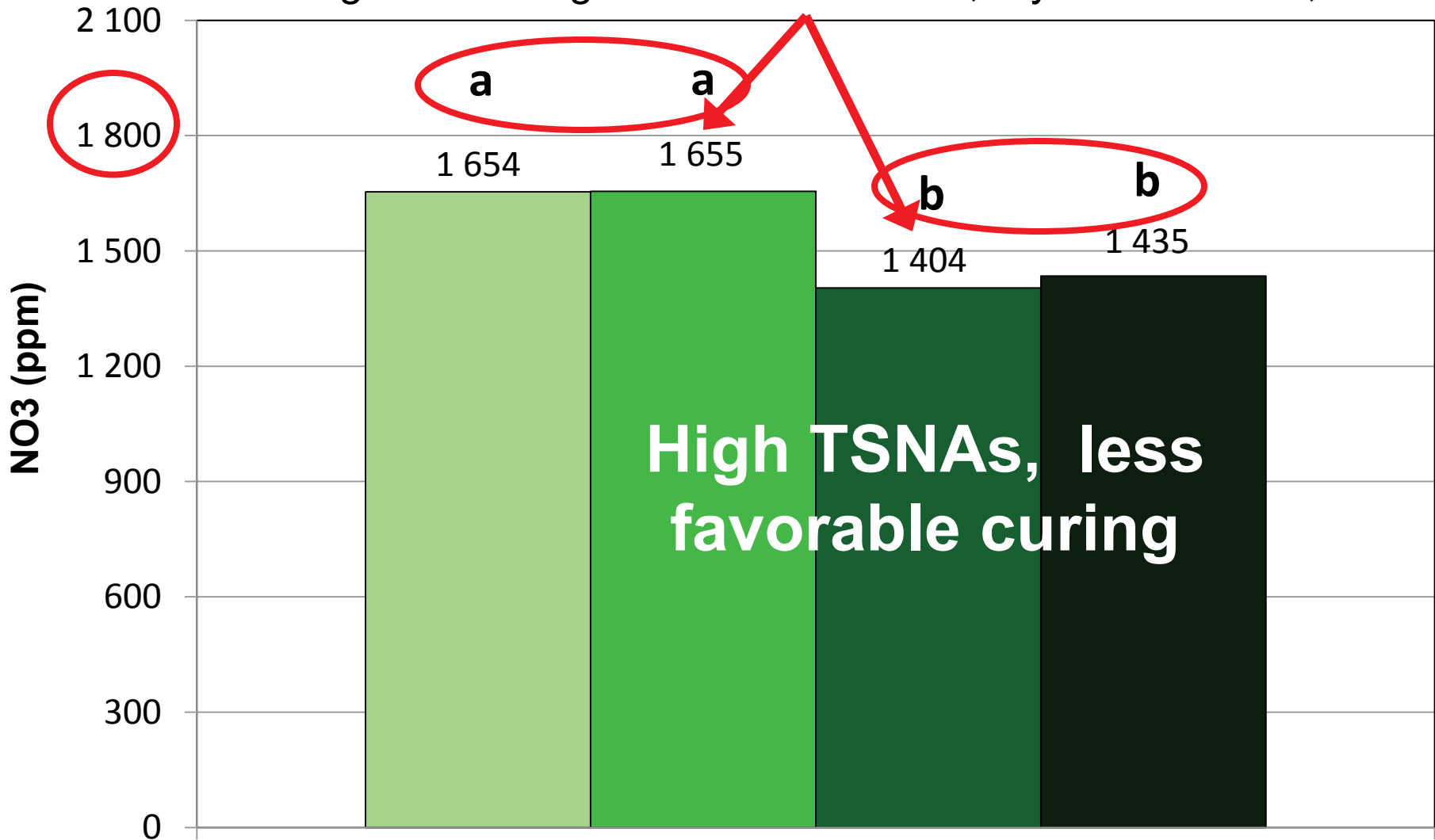
LC shown, HC similar



NO₃ N 2012: Housing Treatments

Low Converter: Lamina (cutting trmts pooled)

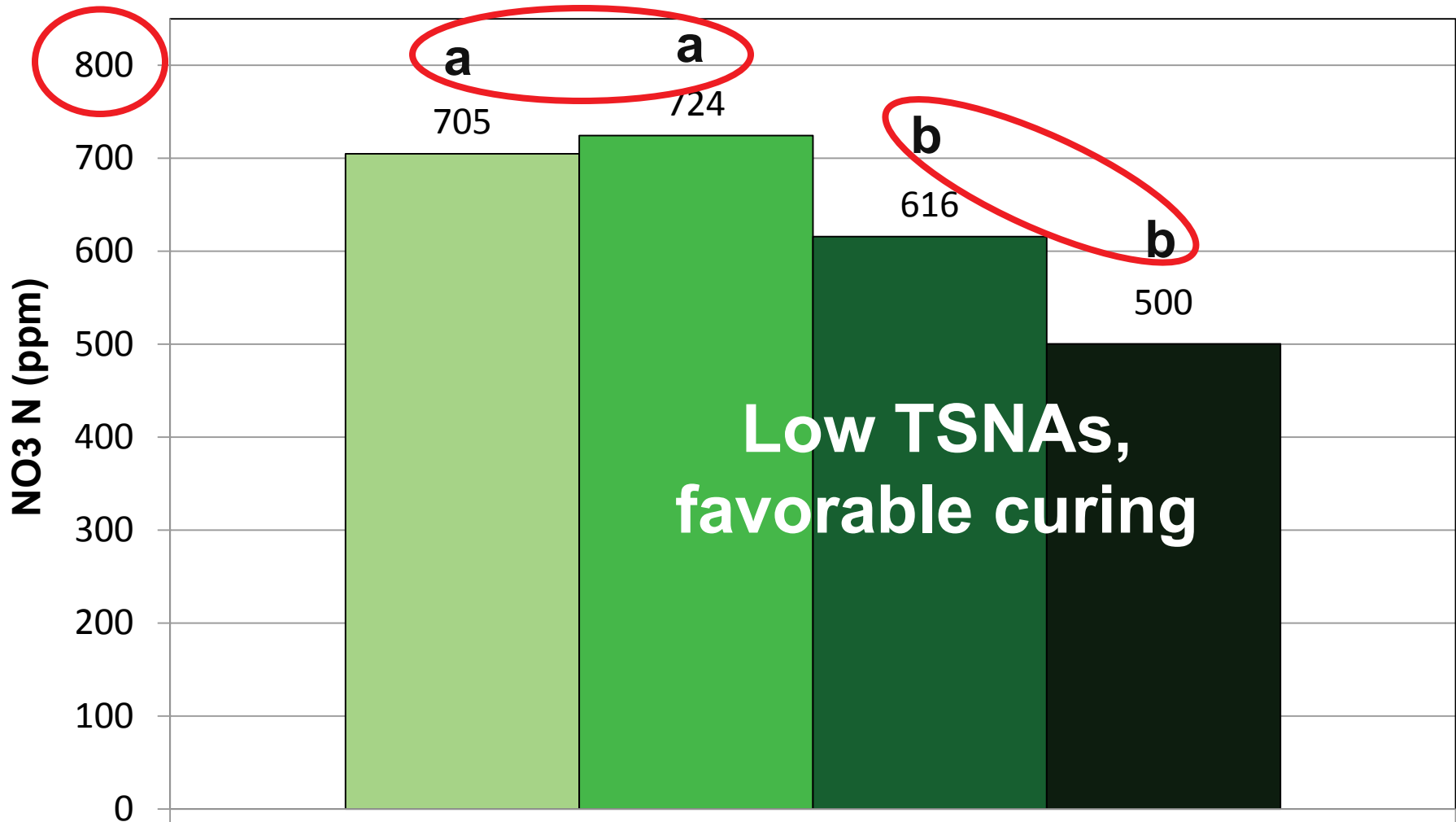
■ railwagon ■ wagon wilt ■ field wilt, dry ■ field wilt, wet



NO₃ N 2013: Housing Treatments

Low Converter: Lamina (cutting trmts pooled)

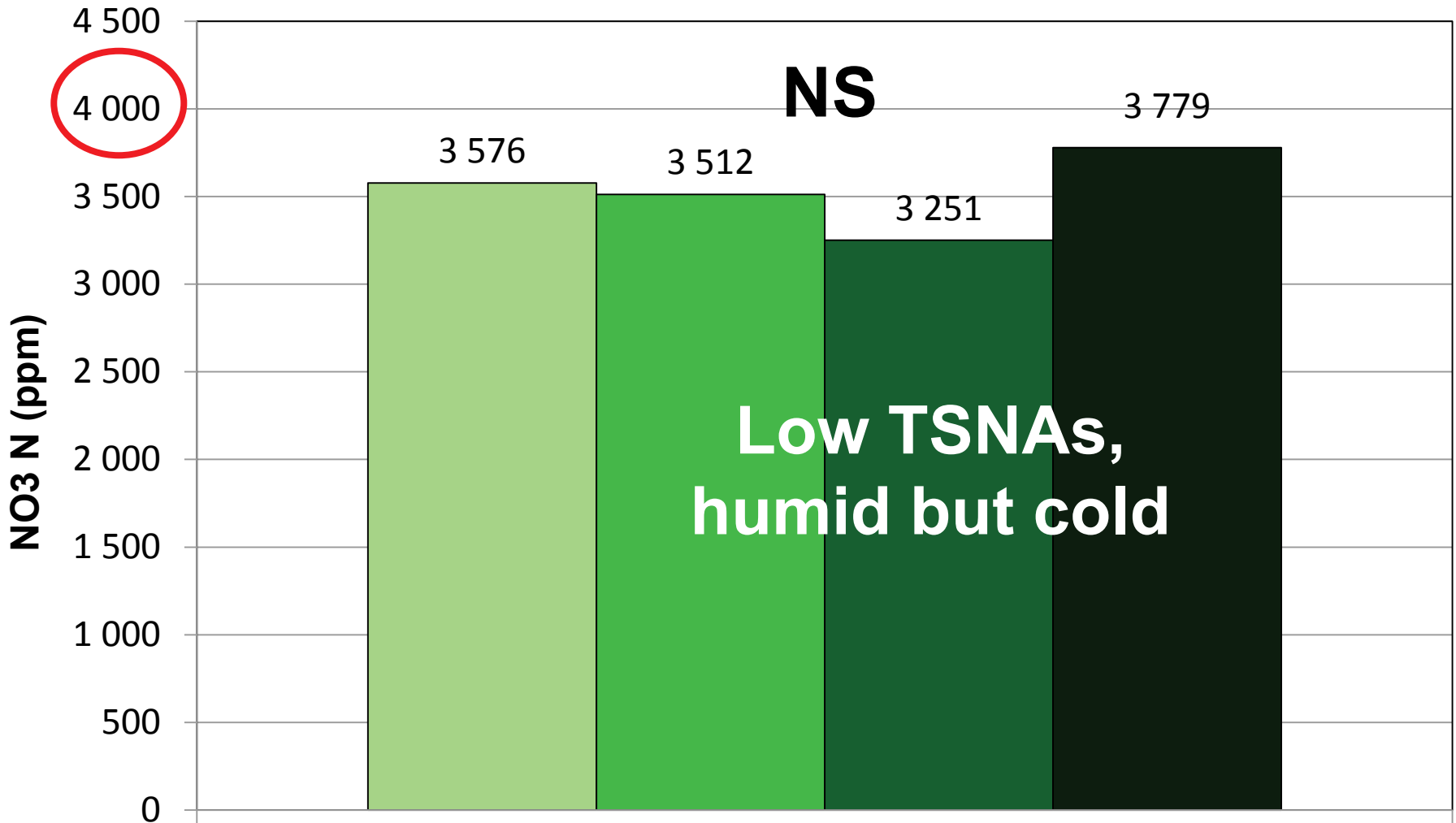
■ railwagon ■ wagon wilt ■ field wilt, dry ■ field wilt, wet



NO₃ N 2011: Housing Treatments

Low Converter: Lamina (cutting trmts pooled)

■ railwagon ■ wagon wilt ■ field wilt, dry ■ field wilt, wet



Summary



Overall

- 2011
 - Nothing significant
- 2012, 2013, years combined
 - Cutting treatments not significant
 - Housing treatments significant
 - All variables except nitrite
 - Not wholly consistent
 - H, LC, lamina, midrib

TSNAs

- Years
 - 2011, 2013 low; 2012 higher
- Cutting wet vs dry
 - No effect
- Housing
 - Only consistent differences (years, varieties) in NNK lamina
 - Generally – railwagon lowest, field wilt (housed wet) – highest

TSNAs – Implications

- Railwagon – lowest TSNAs
 - Protected from heat & moisture
 - Suggest both heat & moisture play a role
- Field wilted – high TSNAs
 - Suggests rain on cut tobacco a factor
- Field wilted housed wet – highest
 - Suggests housing wet further ↑ TSNAs

Total Alkaloids

- Years
 - Similar
 - 2012 drip – no excessively high alkaloids
 - 2013 early rain – slightly lower alkaloids
- Cutting wet vs dry
 - No effect
- Housing
 - Both field wilted treatments ↓
 - Alkaloids on leaf surface dissolved off by rain?

NO₃ N

- Years
 - 2011 > 2012 > 2013, lamina & midrib
 - Early rain 2013 – low NO₃ N
 - 2011 high NO₃ N???
- Cutting wet vs dry
 - No effect
- Housing
 - Same pattern as alkaloids
 - Both field wilted treatments ↓ – leaching?

NO₃ N & TSNAs

- Years
 - 2011>2012>2013 NO₃ N
 - 2012>2011=2013 TSNAs
- NO₃ N, Alkaloids, TSNAs across yrs
 - 2011
 - NO₃ N 3,000s; alkaloids 6; TSNAs 3-4
 - 2012
 - NO₃ N 1,000s; alkaloids 6; TSNAs 10-11
 - 2013
 - NO₃ N 700s ; alkaloids 5-6; TSNAs 3-4

Quality

- Rain on field wilted tobacco
 - Impacts quality

Wagon
wilted

Field
wilted

Railwagon



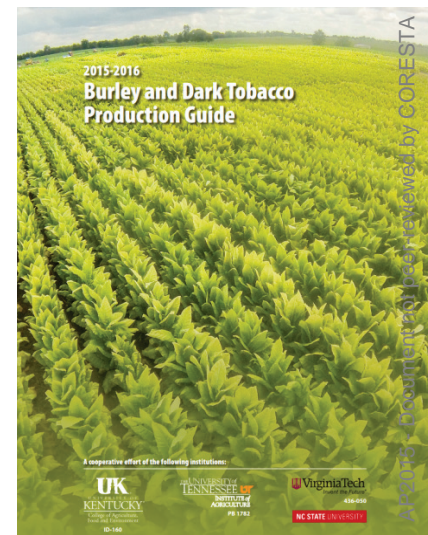


border (railwagon)

field wilted, wet

Conclusions

- Cutting & housing wet tobacco
 - Less effect on TSNAs than anticipated
 - Cutting no effect?
 - Not enough data to determine trend?
 - TSNAs too low in these seasons?
- Recommendation altered
 - No reference to cutting wet
 - Advise not housing wet tobacco
 - Advise minimal field wilting



Acknowledgements

Wholly funded by



