

NICOTINE DISSOLUTION IN SMOKELESS TOBACCO PRODUCTS

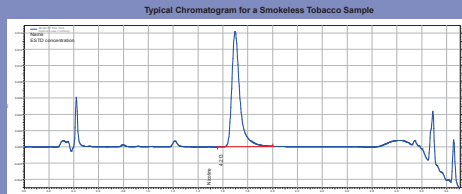
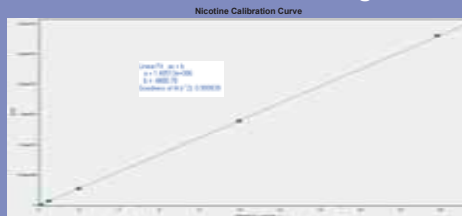
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ABSTRACT

Tobacco products contain nicotine, understanding the bioavailability and absorption of nicotine through oral cavity is important. We developed and validated a method for nicotine dissolution in smokeless tobacco products. Nicotine dissolution is carried out in a dissolution media buffer on a dissolution apparatus 1, which is coupled to an automated sampling station using 8-channel filter plate for sample filtration and direct collection into autosampler vials. Dissolved nicotine at different time points are subsequently analyzed using a Waters Acquity UPLC with TUV detector. The separation uses Waters Atlantis T3 column with 3 μm particle size, 50 mm length x 3.0 mm diameter under isocratic elution. This method is validated to quantitate at an LOQ of 0.1 μg/mL for nicotine. The profiles of nicotine dissolution are presented for pouched and loose smokeless products. Both the rate of dissolution (profiles) and final level of dissolved nicotine are determined.

Calibrations, Chromatograms



ANALYTICAL FIGURES OF MERIT

Sample Matrix	Pouch 1	Pouch 2	Loose Tobacco
Accuracy	104.3%	90.9%	94.5%
Precision	95.8%	94.6%	99.7%
Standard Stability	1 month at ~6°C	1 month at ~6°C	1 month at ~6°C
Sample Stability	7 days at ~6°C	7 days at ~6°C	7 days at ~6°C
Linearity (R ²)	0.999		
Range	0.1 ~ 20 μg/mL		
LOD	0.03 μg/mL		
LOQ	0.1 μg/mL		

Method

Dissolution Conditions		UPLC/UV Parameters	
Parameter	Setting	Parameter	Setting
Apparatus	Dissolution Apparatus 1 with baskets: Automatic Sampling Station	Column	Atlantis T3, 3 μm, 3.0x50mm
Paddle Speed	15 RPM and 250RPM after infinity	Column Temperature	35±1°C
Temperature	37.0±0.5°C	Mobile Phase A	60:40 Phosphate Buffer (25mM, pH 7.2) : MeOH
Medium	Ammonium Phosphate at pH 7.4	Mobile Phase B	MeOH
Dissolution Volume	900 mL	Sample Temperature	6±4°C
Automated Sampling Time Points	5min, 10min, 15min, 20min, 30min, 60min, 30min @ 250RPM (infinity)	Flow Rate	0.75 mL/min
Sample Pull Volume	2 mL	Injection Volume	10 μL
Filter	0.45 μm Nylon membrane	HPLC Mode	Isocratic Elution
		Run Time	7.0 min
		Wavelength (UV)	259 nm

Nicotine Dissolution Calculations

$$C_{t_i} = \frac{C_{\infty} \cdot (1 - e^{-k \cdot t_i})}{1 - e^{-k \cdot t_{\infty}}}$$

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$$k = \frac{\ln(C_{\infty} / (C_{\infty} - C_{t_i}))}{t_i}$$

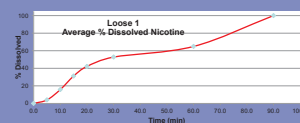
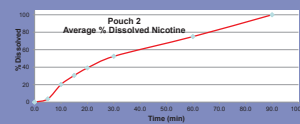
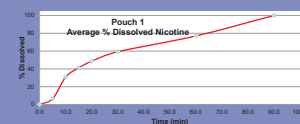
For example, if initial dissolution volume=900 mL, and total at 7 time points=5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 60min plus infinity point (the 7th time point) are used, select sample pull volume=2.0mL, then the Nicotine Amount at infinity can be calculated as:

$$\text{Nicotine at Infinity } (\mu\text{g/mL}) = \frac{C_{t_i} \cdot (1 - e^{-k \cdot t_{\infty}})}{1 - e^{-k \cdot t_i}}$$

Nicotine final results are reported as mg/g based on sample weight.

Nicotine Dissolution Profiles

Sample	Time Point (min)	Avg Disso Amt (mg/g)	%Disso at EachTime Point*
Pouch 1	5.0	0.3502	6.5%
	10.0	1.0614	20.8%
	15.0	2.2157	41.1%
	20.0	2.6217	48.7%
Pouch 2	5.0	0.3547	3.6%
	10.0	1.0675	20.2%
	15.0	2.0727	39.5%
	20.0	3.8121	39.1%
Loose 1	5.0	0.5117	4.0%
	10.0	2.0217	15.8%
	15.0	3.0977	31.2%
	20.0	5.4043	42.1%
Loose 2	5.0	6.7677	52.8%
	10.0	8.3210	64.9%
	15.0	9.7508	75.0%
	20.0	12.8234	100.0%



CONCLUSIONS

We have developed and validated a dissolution testing method for the quantitation of nicotine in pouched and loose smokeless tobacco products. The method is proven to be linear, precise, accurate, specific, and robust. Compared to the pouched products, the loose tobacco samples generally show slightly slower % dissolution rate in the earlier stage, but higher nicotine results at infinity. This method provides us a new and unique tool in evaluating nicotine dissolution profiles for different smokeless products.