IDENTIFICATION AND FUNCTIONAL CHARACTERIZATION OF THE PALE YELLOW GENE IN TOBACCO

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2021_AP33_Grundi



- ✓ Found in accession TI1372
 - accelerated chlorophyll breakdown¹
- trait noticeable usually when plants flower and after topping¹
- ✓ introduced into several dark lines
- ✓ traditional breeding using phenotypic selection²
 - detached leaf ethephon treatment



¹ Chaplin James F.; 1969; *Inheritance and Possible Use of Pale Yellow Character in Tobacco 1;* Crop Science; 9 (2) p. 169

² Adapted from the LC Protocol; https://www.uky.edu/Ag/Tobacco/Pdf/LC-Protocol.pdf



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The Pale Yellow Trait – Pros and Cons

Pros

- reduced curing time
- improved overall quality
- balance genetic impact affecting senescence and quality

Color Setting Yellowing Stem Drying Finishing Ventilation as needed Little or no Full ventilation No ventilation None or low heat ventilation Temp not to • Temp. not to exceed • Temp 100°F-115°F exceed 130°F 120°F (48°C) (54°C) 100°F (37°C) 10 – 14 days (37°C - 46°C)

Guidelines for Fire Curing Dark Tobacco*

7 – 14 days

• 5 – 8 days

- Temp not to exceed

*Bailey, A., 2006. Harvesting, Curing, and Preparing Dark Fire-Cured Tobacco for Market. University of Kentucky – College of Agriculture, AGR152.

> Grade Index (GI) Average of Two Locations in 2009: Blackstone, VA and Princeton, KY

4 – 8 days



Cons \geq

> reduced field harvest time window

> > Lusso M., Hayes A., Lion K., Davis G., Hart F., Morris J., 2014; Methods of Reducing Tobacco-Specific Nitrosamines (TSNAs) And/Or Improving Leaf Quality in Tobacco; US 2014/0076339 A1



Mapping the Pale Yellow Locus

F2 mapping population was grown in 2018



more information

https://www.coresta.org/sites/default/files/ abstracts/2019 AP35 PramodAdams.pdf

all individuals were phenotyped by

a) visual observation at 4 wpt b) ethephon screening of leaves at flowering





PY locus 2Mb region, Chr 15 **5** linked SNPs

93 F2 individuals and parents genotyped on the ~178K SNP tobacco Axiom array



F2: (NLMxTI1372)xF2

wpt: weeks post topping SNP: Single Nucleotide Polymorphism



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QTL Analysis – Phenotypic Evaluation versus Genetic Analysis





Mapping the Pale Yellow Locus and QTL analysis



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Verification of Identified Candidate Genes in (NLMxTI1372)xF2

- by quantitative real-time PCR
 - relative to NLM untopped (UT)
- g58899 expression is drastically reduced in TI1372 and F2 plants genotyped as homozygous for Pale Yellow (PY)







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- Document not

Characterization of g58899 overexpression lines – T₀





AP2021 - Document not peer-reviewed by CORESTA

Characterization of g58899 overexpression lines – T₁



pictures taken 4 weeks post topping

gene expression in medial leaves







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Characterization of g58899 overexpression lines – T₁

- L3 L9 L11 L12 VC PYKY171 TI1372
- leaves of transgenic lines stay green

pictures taken 4 weeks post topping





pale yellow and whitish leaves even in tissue culture







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not peel

- Docum

Characterization of g58899 RNAi lines – T₁

pale yellow and whitish leaves even in tissue culture



pictures taken 4 weeks post topping



Science

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Characterization of g58899 RNAi lines – T_1

60

- pale yellow and whitish leaves even in tissue culture
- chlorophyll content is reduced











Characterization of g58899 RNAi lines – T₁

leaf senescence-related gene expression is increased





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Mayta et al., 2018, Expression of a Plastid-Targeted Flavodoxin Decreases Chloroplast Reactive Oxygen Species Accumulation and Delays Senescence in Aging Tobacco Leaves, doi: 10.3389/fpls.2018.01039



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- ✓ overexpression → stay green
- ✓ RNAi ➡ pale yellow
- ➢ g58899 shares ~64 %/58 % identity with AtBCM1/2

WT	bcm1-2	bcm1-3	BCM1-OX5	BCM1-OX9
	0	0		
2	·			-
<u> </u>	05 0	% •		

3CM2 3CM1 358899	MGLPLLSCSST MELPLLSYASS MEVPVLARCTN * :*:*:	RVTLSSSSSSSWCS ASFSRTGLCS TPTT :	SGSGGGFRSSS SSSSSST SFLGCKV *	SKLFDSPACSF SIYEFPERRF /SLFDFPIRRF .::: *	RSDLKKRSGKR RSLKLRFNGGE KLNKRNYKAKF	NSRLN 	60 48 42
3CM2 3CM1 358899	GLSLEKLRSIK RSRSVI SVLRVK	ASSSSAGQSSSEVI A A *	DDGDAAARGI SAERSSEG] MAERTST .: ::	AVTSGDVTS\ EKTT	/GSFSSGEFVG DTVGGGGGG EASADARE : .	AGSGG GGAGR RESGG :*	120 81 69
3CM2 3CM1 358899	LAGPSGEVTSV FAGTAMEVTTL YTGTTMEVTTF :* : ***:.	G-EFVGGSGGDFKD DRGFANSTTVDFPI NQSFSDAQLPV . * . ::	DWDKIGAIVRU WDKIGAVVRU WEKIGAVVRU *:****:***	SYGIGIYCGN TYGIGIYGAN SYGIGIYGAN *:******	MAVAGRFICEV MAVAGRFICSV MALAGKFICSM **:**:***.:	AGIDY TGIDS TGIDC :***	179 141 126
3CM2 3CM1 358899	TGGFNASLDTI SGGFDPSLDAL TGGFSPSLDAI :***. ***::	IAGLGYASPPIMAL LAGLGYATPPIMAL VEGLGYAAPPIMAL : *****:******	LFILDDEVV LFILDDEVV LFILDDEVV	(LSPHARAIRE (LSPHARAIRE (LSPHARAIRE *********	OVEDDELRGFF OVEDEELRSFF OVEDEELRNFF ****:***.**	QGMSA FGMSP YGMSP ***	239 201 186
3CM2 3CM1 358899	WQFILVVTASS WQFILIVAASS WQFILIVAASS *****:*:***	VGEELFYRAAFQGA IGEELFYRVAVQGA VGEELFYRAAVQGA :*******.*.**	ALADIFLRGTO ALSDIFLKGTO ALADIFLRGSO **:****:*:	DLISDSRGMVA DLMTDSRGMAS GFVTDARGMAS	ALTGLLPPFVP SLTGVFPPFVP SLTGVLPPYVP :***::**:**	FAQVF FAEVF FAQAF **:.*	299 261 246
CM2 CM1 58899	AATITAALTGS AAVITATLTGS AAVITAALTGS **.***:***	LYYIAASPKDPTYI LYFLAASPKDPTYI LYYMAASPKDPTY\ **::**********	MAPVLKTRSA VAPVLRSF VAPVLKSHSO :****::	ARDELKKLFAA RRDDFKKLLSA GREDLKKLFAA *:::***::*	AWYERRQMKKI AWYEKRQMKKI AWYERRQMKKI ****:*****	YSPLL YSPLL YSPLL *****	359 319 306
CM2 CM1 58899	EGLLGLYLGFE EGLLALYLGFE EAMLALYLGFE *.:*.*****:*	WIQTNNLLAPIITH WVQTDNILAPMMTH WIQTNNIFAPIITH *:**:*::**:	IGIYSAVVLGI IGIYSAVILGI IGIYSAVILGI IGIYSAVILGI	IGLWKLHHHQQ IGLWKIHDHRF IGLWKIHDHRF	QRLRLRVQKLE RRLRRRIEHIR RLHQRIQQLK ***: *::::.	TEGDN SEATD QEGNN *. :	419 379 366
3CM2 3CM1 358899	NSR*- KLI*- SRNL*	422 382 370					





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Model for the concurrent regulation of Chl biosynthesis / catabolism by BCMs

- AtBCMs target SGR1 (involved in chlorophyll breakdown) for degradation
- down-regulation of BCMs (and probably g58899) prevents degradation of SGR1
- chlorophyll breakdown is induced earlier





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not peer-

Wang et al., 2020, Post-translational coordination of chlorophyll biosynthesis and breakdown by BCMs maintains chlorophyll homeostasis during leaf development. https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-020-14992-9

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- ✓ low expression of g58899 = PY phenotype → identifying a key target gene for breeding
- ✓ PY KASP[®] assay ⇒ demonstrating the utility of a high-density SNP array for mapping of traits
- more precise and faster breeding of the PY trait in commercial tobacco cultivars
 - Ioss of function mutants from EMS populations will be analyzed
 - development of PY lines and agronomic evaluations in progress

Science

THANK YOU

QUESTIONS?

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