

# A comparative study on delivery of nicotine, humectants and endogenous aroma constituents from reconstituted tobacco materials in granule and sheet form under heat-not-burn condition

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# Background

- ◆ A great variety of heat-not-burn products (HnBs) available in market;
- ◆ Heating devices are various and the tobacco materials in heating rods come in different forms too;
- ◆ Central heating, peripheral heating, resistance heating, electromagnetic heating;
- ◆ Tobacco substrate in sheet or granule form;

## Questions:

- ◆ The delivery pattern of core compounds (nicotine, humectants and endogenous volatile aroma constituents ) of tobacco substrate in different forms;

## Objectives:

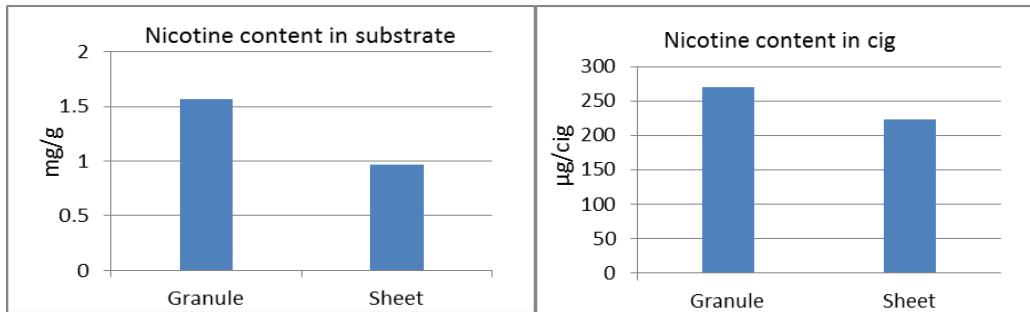
- ◆ To quantitatively determine the delivery of the nicotine and endogenous volatile aroma constituents from tobacco substrate in sheet and granule forms;
- ◆ To study the puff-by-puff performance of tobacco substrate in sheet and granule forms.

# Methods:

- ◆ Two different forms of reconstituted tobacco materials (A: granule and B: sheet) were prepared using same tobacco leaves blend;
- ◆ Same formula was designed to ensure a similar content of humectants and tobaccos;
- ◆ Nicotine, humectants and aroma constituents in prepared material were quantitatively determined;
- ◆ Tobacco rods filled with either reconstituted tobacco materials form A or B were heated by the same device with central heating blade, and emissions were generated by linear smoking machine;
- ◆ Smoking regime: HCl (55mL, 2s duration, 28s interval), 8 puffs taken from each tobacco stick;
- ◆ Nicotine, humectants and aroma constituents in emissions were collected by Cambridge Filter Pad and quantitatively determined;
- ◆ Puff-by-puff analysis was carried out to study delivery of the compounds of interests on puff basis.

# Results-Contents in substrate material

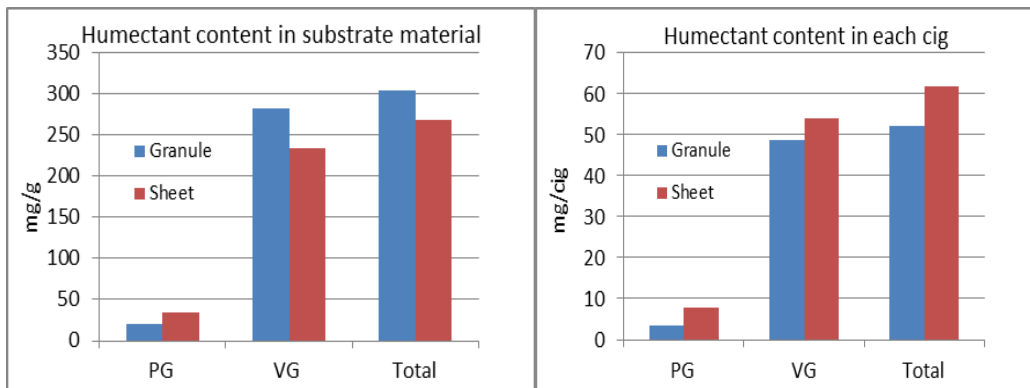
## Nicotine content



Substrate form	Nicotine content in material (mg/g)	Nicotine content in each cig (µg/cig)
Granule	1.57	<b>270.04</b>
Sheet	0.97	<b>223.10</b>

- Nicotine and humectants in two substrate materials were determined and their contents in each cig were calculated;
- Similar contents were determined.

## Humectant content



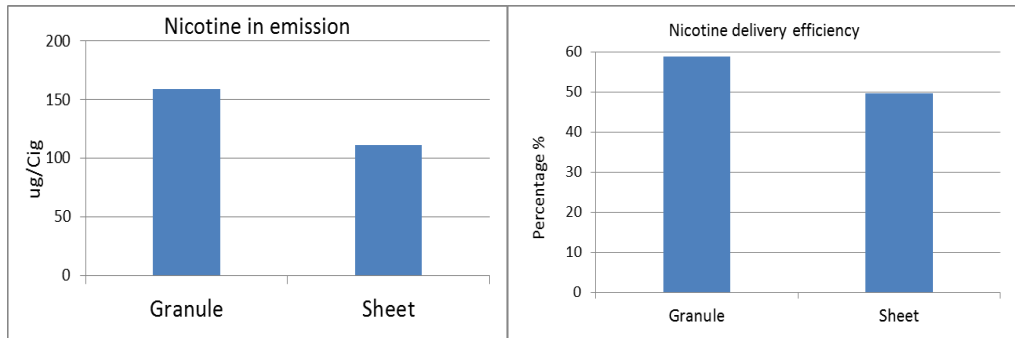
Substrate form	PG content in material (mg/g)	VG content in material (mg/g)	Total (mg/g)
Granule	20.70	283.30	<b>304.0</b>
Sheet	34.20	234.50	<b>268.7</b>

Substrate form	PG content in cig (mg/g)	VG content in each cig (mg/g)	Total (mg/cig)
Granule	3.56	48.73	<b>52.29</b>
Sheet	7.86	53.94	<b>61.80</b>

# Results- Emission analysis

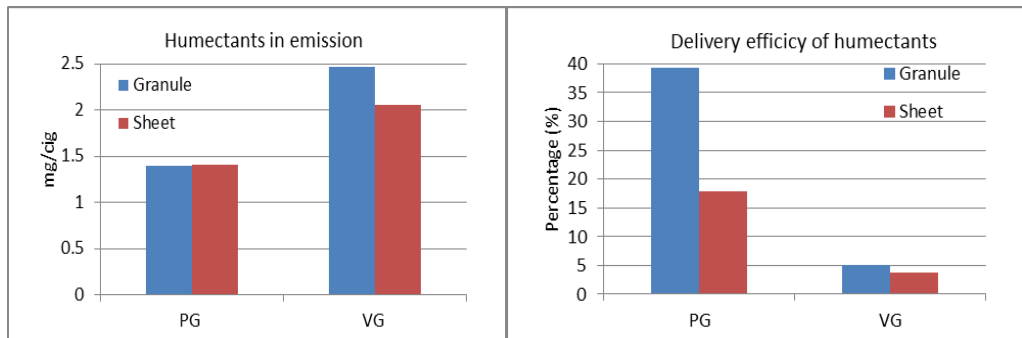
## ◆ Nicotine in emission



Substrate form	Nicotine in emission (ug/cig)	Delivery efficiency (%)
Granule	159.0	58.9
Sheet	111.0	49.8

□ Nicotine delivery efficiency of tobacco granules is higher than that of tobacco sheet.

## ◆ Humectants in emission

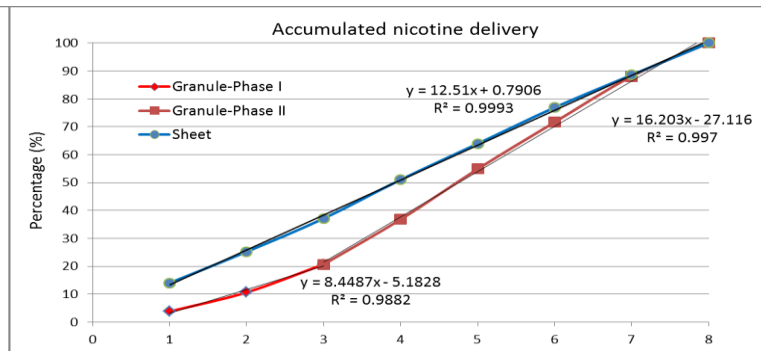
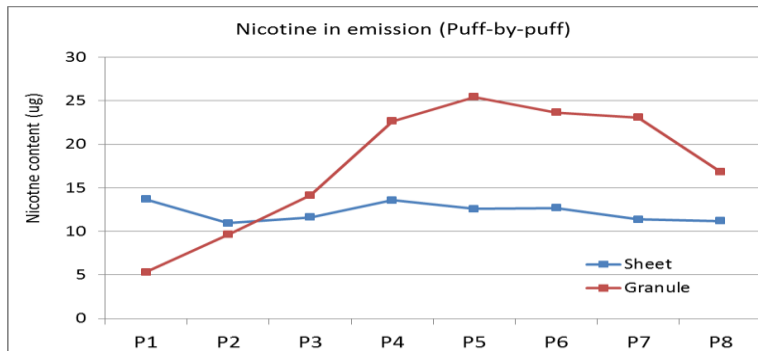


Substrate form	PG in emission (mg/cig)	VG in emission (mg/cig)	PG Delivery efficiency (%)	VG Delivery efficiency (%)
Granule	1.40	2.47	39.23	5.07
Sheet	1.41	2.05	17.94	3.81

□ Humectants delivery efficiency of tobacco granules is higher than that of tobacco sheet

# Results- Puff-by-puff Analysis

## ◆ Nicotine delivery

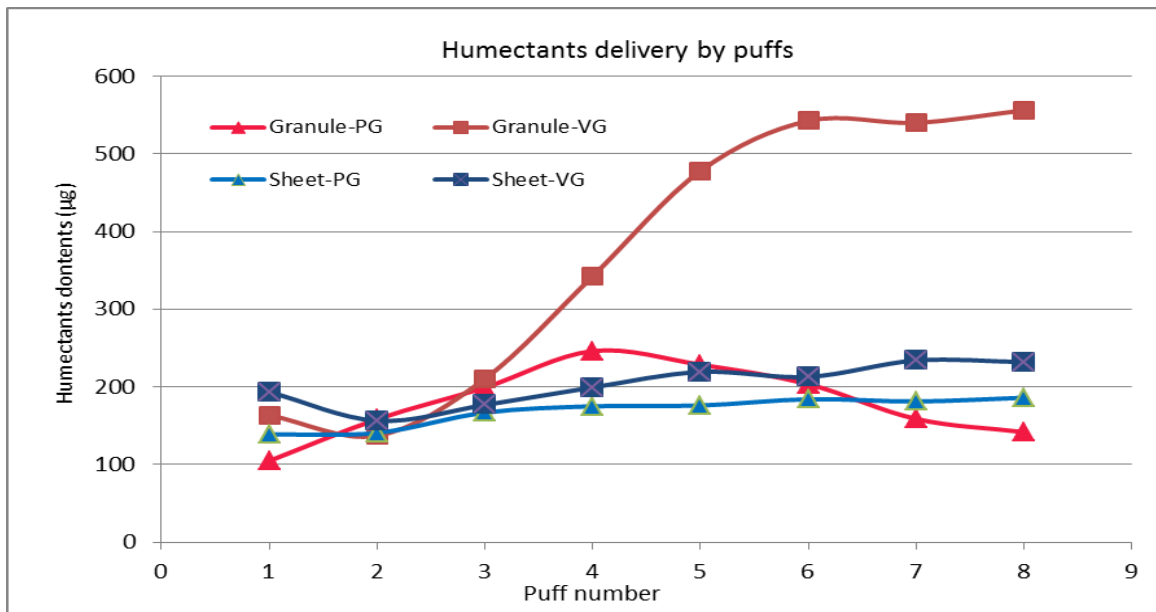


Nicotine content	Puff 1 (µg)	Puff 2 (µg)	Puff 3 (µg)	Puff 4 (µg)	Puff 5 (µg)	Puff 6 (µg)	Puff 7 (µg)	Puff 8 (µg)
Granule	5.35	9.65	14.15	22.65	25.45	23.65	23.10	16.85
Sheet	13.70	10.95	11.65	13.60	12.60	12.70	11.40	11.20
Accumulated nicotine	Puff 1 (%)	Puff 2 (%)	Puff 3 (%)	Puff 4 (%)	Puff 5 (%)	Puff 6 (%)	Puff 7 (%)	Puff 8 (%)
Granule	3.80	10.65	20.70	36.78	54.85	71.63	88.04	100
Sheet	14.00	25.20	37.12	51.02	63.91	76.89	88.55	100

□ Tobacco substrate in sheet form shows a much more stable nicotine delivery;

# Results- Puff-by-puff Analysis

## ◆ Humectants delivery

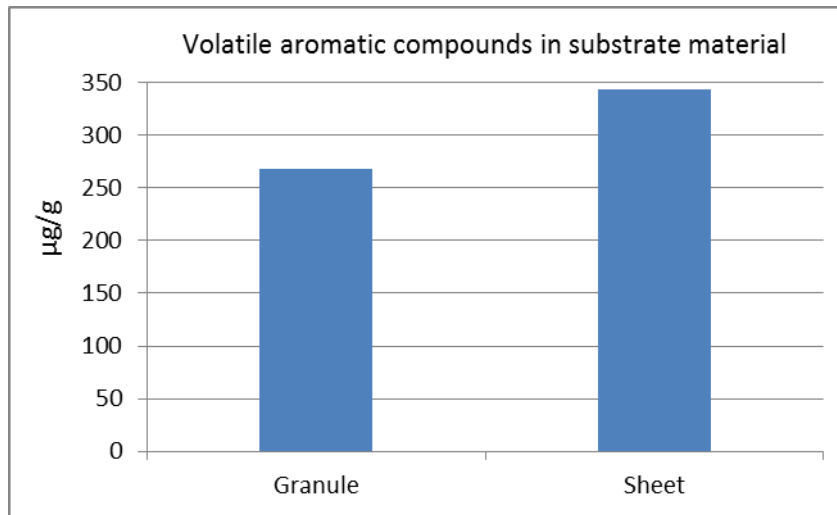
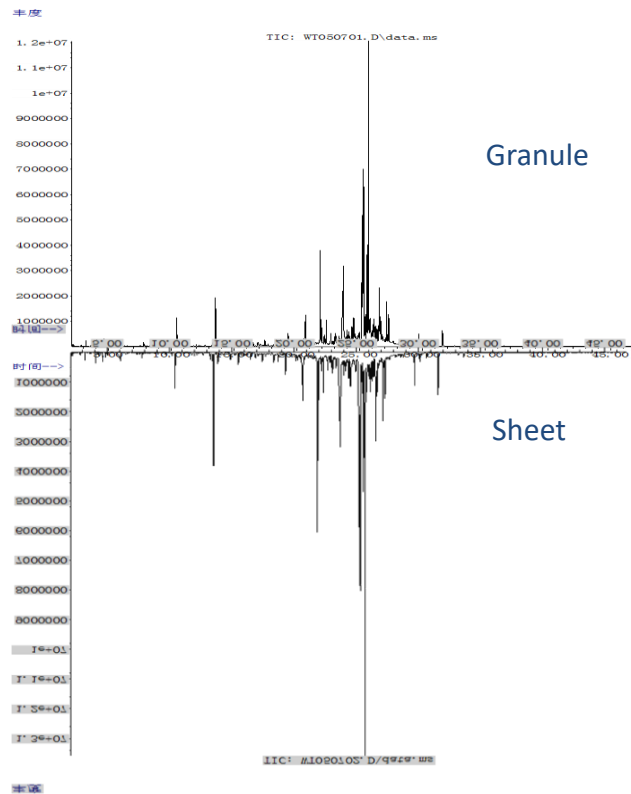


- ❑ Both PG and VG show a more stable delivery pattern from substrate material in sheet form;
- ❑ VG in substrate material in granule form was delivered in an inconsistent manner.



# Results- Volatile aromatic compounds

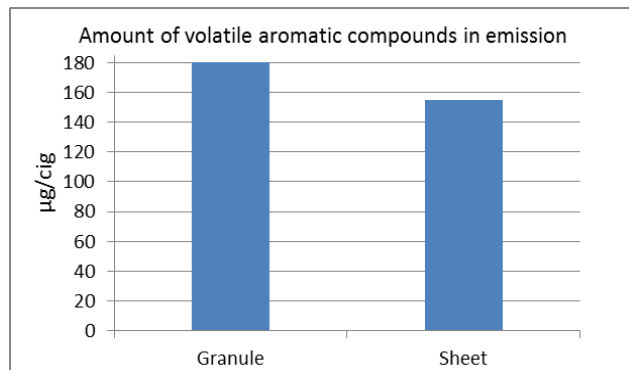
## ◆ Material analysis



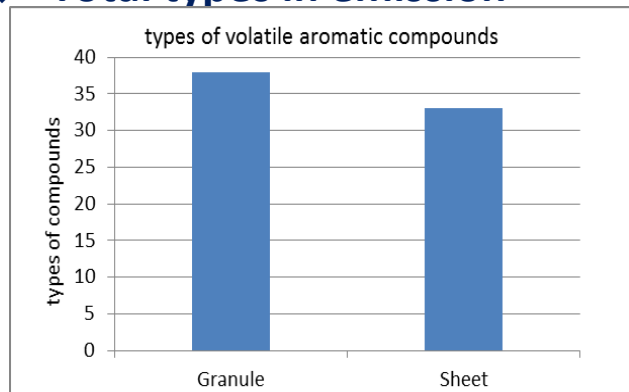
- 63 types of endogenous volatile aromatic compounds were defined;
- Higher level of volatile aromatic compounds were determined in substrate in sheet form.

# Results- Volatile aromatic compounds in emission

## ◆ Total amount in emission



## ◆ Total types in emission



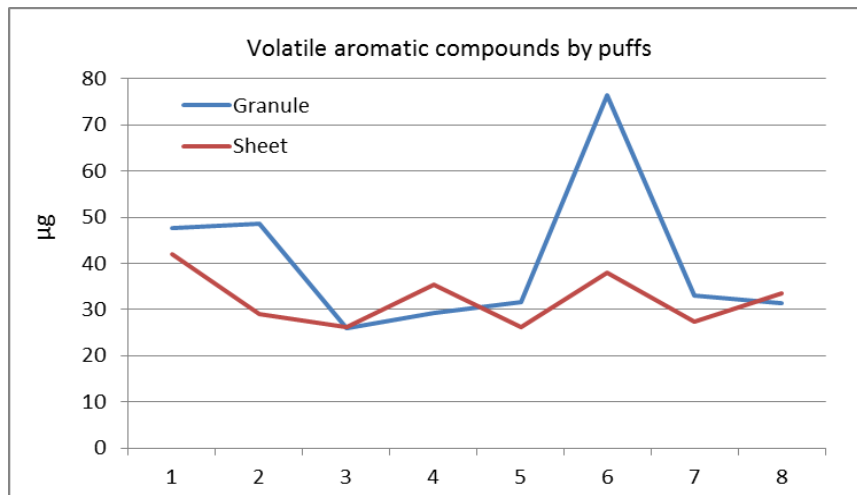
Substrate form	Total volatile aromatic compounds in emission ( $\mu\text{g}/\text{cig}$ )
Granule	180.42
Sheet	155.16

Substrate form	Total types of volatile aromatic compounds in emission
Granule	37
Sheet	32

- Substrate in granule released higher amount of endogenous volatile aromatic compounds;
- More types of endogenous volatile aromatic compounds were found in emission of granule from of substrate material.

# Results- Volatile aromatic compounds in emission

## ◆ Puff-by-puff analysis



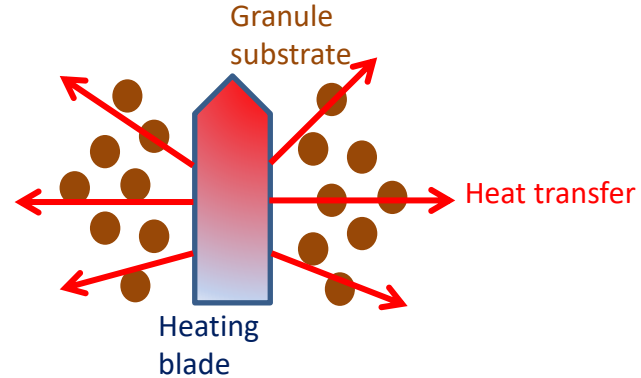
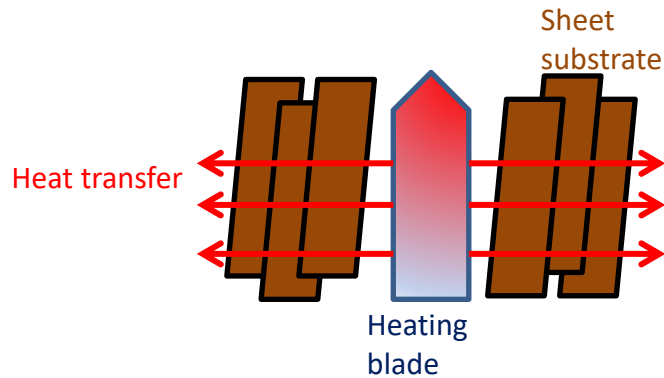
- Substrate in sheet form showed a relatively more stable delivery of endogenous volatile aromatic compounds through puffs

# Summary of results

	Granule	Sheet
Nicotine delivery	✓ Tobacco substrate in granule form showed higher delivery efficiency of nicotine	
Humectants delivery	✓ Tobacco substrate in granule form showed higher delivery efficiency of humectants	
Volatile aromatic compound delivery	✓ Tobacco substrate in granule form delivery higher level of endogenous volatile aromatic compounds. More types of compounds were delivered from granule form.	
Puff-by-puff/nicotine	Tobacco substrate in sheet form shows a much more stable nicotine delivery	✓
Puff-by-puff/humectants	Tobacco substrate in sheet form shows a much more stable delivery of humectants	✓
Puff-by-puff/volatile aromatic compounds	Substrate in sheet form showed a relatively more stable delivery of endogenous volatile aromatic compounds through puffs	✓

# Discussions

- ◆ Substrate in granule form arranged in random order might facilitate the thermal transmission, thus enhance the delivery of constituents release from tobacco material;
- ◆ Sheet material assembled in order might lead to a directional, ordered heat transfer that helped a more stable delivery of constituents.



# Conclusions

- ◆ **Forms of tobacco substrate significantly affect the delivery of crucial constituents;**
- ◆ **Under central heating condition, tobacco substrate material in granule form showed high delivery efficiency of nicotine, humectants and endogenous volatile aromatic compounds; compounds are delivered in a more stable manner in sheet form;**
- ◆ **This study provides some clues for the future optimization of HnB product;**
- ◆ **Further studies can be done on the effect of heating style.**



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**THANKS**

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